



VASUDEV COLLEGE OF LAW

Haldwani, Nainital.

PROSPECTUS

Academic Session - 2025-26

FOR ADMISSION TO

- ☛ B.A.LL.B. (Five Year Integrated) Professional Course
- ☛ LL.B. (Three Year) Professional Degree Course
- ☛ LL.M. (Two Year) Constitutional and Administrative Law/
Corporate Law

Approved by : Bar Council of India, New Delhi
Affiliated to: Kumaun University, Nainital, Uttarakhand

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Message from Founder & Chairman



Dr C.S. Joshi

Vasudev College of Law, Haldwani, established under the aegis of Harihar Social Welfare & Educational Society, Haldwani, is dedicated to the expansion and promotion of legal education in the Haldwani region. Prior to the establishment of this institution in 2017, the Nainital district lacked a law college, creating a significant void for aspiring legal professionals. Vasudev College of Law has since taken up the mantle to fill this gap, making legal education accessible to the students of this area.

Over the past two decades, the legal environment has undergone momentous changes, underscoring the need for a large number of legal experts across various fields. Vasudev College of Law aims to nurture the legal experts of tomorrow by imparting essential human values, knowledge, and skills. Our guiding philosophy is that legal

education should not just be about imparting knowledge but also about inculcating values like sacrifice, sensitivity to sufferings, courage to fight for justice and fairness, and the determination to stand up for the dispossessed and marginalized. We believe that standing against the odds for the sake of justice is a crucial component of a lawyer's identity.

To provide our students with better and wider exposure, we regularly organize special lectures by eminent scholars from all over the state and country. These lectures provide valuable insights and knowledge from leaders in various fields of law, enriching the academic experience of our students. Vasudev College of Law also prides itself on having smart classrooms equipped with modern teaching aids such as projectors and PowerPoint presentations, ensuring that our teaching methods are up-to-date and effective.

Our commitment to legal education extends beyond the classroom. The college has been instrumental in conducting various regional and national seminars on contemporary socio-economic and legal issues. These seminars are a platform for students and faculty to engage with current issues, expand their understanding, and contribute to meaningful discussions. Through these initiatives, we aim to bridge the gap between theoretical knowledge and practical application, preparing our students to face real-world legal challenges with confidence and competence.

At Vasudev College of Law, we foster a passionate and compassionate learning culture. We believe that an excellent academic community is one where students are nurtured not just academically but also in terms of their values and ethics. We strive to create an environment where learning is not confined to textbooks but is a holistic process involving personal and professional growth.

As part of our mission to promote social justice, we encourage our students to engage in pro bono work and community service. By doing so, they not only gain practical experience but also develop a sense of responsibility towards the betterment of society. Our graduates are well-equipped to take on roles in various legal fields, including advocacy, judiciary, corporate law, and public service.

Join us at Vasudev College of Law and become part of an academic community that is committed to excellence, justice, and the greater good. We welcome students who are passionate about law and eager to make a difference in the world. Here, you will find the support, resources, and opportunities you need to achieve your goals and become a well-rounded legal professional.

Message from Director (Administration)



Mr. Gaurav Joshi

At Vasudev College of Law, we firmly believe that disciplined students are more likely to become responsible and contributing citizens. In today's era of globalization, there has been a significant shift in how law is perceived as a career. Law has now become one of the most sought-after fields for career building. The present legal regime must evolve to meet the changing demands of society as we advance further into the 21st century. With the increasing presence of multinationals and corporates in India, the role of lawyers has become highly technical and specialized. To meet these new demands, it is imperative to have competent lawyers who are trained in the right culture of legal education. At Vasudev College of Law, we are committed to addressing these aspects and ensuring our students are well-prepared for their future careers.

As the only private law college in the entire Nainital district, Vasudev College of Law is dedicated to providing its students with superior infrastructural facilities. Our classrooms are designed to be conducive to both academic and extracurricular excellence. We prioritize creating an environment where students can thrive and achieve their full potential. Our faculty engages students in debates and discussions on various topics, including academics, policy-making, law-making, and significant Supreme Court judgments. These intellectual exchanges foster a deeper understanding of the legal system and help students develop critical thinking skills.

To instill a spirit of healthy competition among our students, Vasudev College of Law regularly organizes co-curricular and extracurricular activities. These activities are integral to the holistic development of our students, encouraging them to apply their knowledge in practical settings and develop essential skills such as leadership, teamwork, and public speaking. Our approach to legal education is centered on experiential learning, where students learn through hands-on experience and perfect their knowledge in real-world scenarios.

We are committed to providing our stakeholders with the highest standards of legal education. Our focus is on "learning through experience" and ensuring that our students not only acquire theoretical knowledge but also gain practical skills that will serve them well in their legal careers. We welcome aspiring legal professionals who are committed to learning and experiencing the pleasures of legal research and education.

At Vasudev College of Law, we strive to create tomorrow's legal experts with essential human values, knowledge, and skills. Our guiding philosophy is that legal education should not just be about imparting knowledge but also about inculcating values like sacrifice, sensitivity to sufferings, courage to fight for justice and fairness, and the determination to stand up for the dispossessed and marginalized. We believe that standing against the odds for the sake of justice is a crucial component of a lawyer's identity.

Join us at Vasudev College of Law and become part of an academic community that is committed to excellence, justice, and the greater good. Here, you will find the support, resources, and opportunities you need to achieve your goals and become a well-rounded legal professional. Together, we can work towards creating a better and more just society.

Message from Principal's Desk



Dr. Kedar Palaria

It gives me immense pleasure to extend a warm welcome to you on behalf of Vasudev College of Law, Lamachaur, Haldwani. As you stand at the threshold of making a pivotal decision for your future in the noble profession of law, rest assured that choosing Vasudev College means embarking on a path of academic excellence, ethical grounding, and holistic development.

Nestled in the serene and accessible environs of Haldwani, Vasudev College of Law, affiliated with Kumaun University, Nainital, and approved by the Bar Council of India (BCI), has, since its establishment in 2017, dedicated itself to becoming a distinguished

centre for legal education. Our vision is to nurture legal luminaries who are not only proficient in legal doctrines but are also champions of justice, fairness, and societal well-being.

Our college is more than just an institution; it is a vibrant community of dedicated faculty, enthusiastic students, and supportive staff, all working collaboratively to foster an environment conducive to academic rigor and comprehensive personal growth. We pride ourselves on our robust academic curriculum, meticulously designed to provide you with a strong foundation in legal principles and their practical application. Our experienced faculty members are not only accomplished scholars but also passionate educators, deeply invested in your success.

At Vasudev College of Law, we champion a comprehensive approach to legal education. Beyond traditional classroom lectures, we emphasize interactive learning methodologies, moot court sessions, legal aid clinics, and seminars. These initiatives are designed to provide you with invaluable hands-on experience and direct exposure to the realities of the legal profession. We are steadfast in our commitment to nurturing critical thinking, analytical reasoning, and effective communication skills – qualities indispensable for a thriving legal career.

Our commitment extends to cultivating a vibrant and supportive campus environment where every student feels encouraged to explore their potential to the fullest. We strive to create a community that cherishes discipline, upholds integrity, and fosters a passion for lifelong learning.

We eagerly look forward to you becoming a part of the Vasudev College of Law family and embarking on a fulfilling and impactful legal career with us. We are excited to be an integral part of your journey towards becoming a torchbearer of justice and a valuable contributor to society.

Message from

Dean- Student Welfare & Exam Controller



Dr. Madhavi Joshi

It is my privilege to welcome you to Vasudev College of Law, a distinguished institution dedicated to legal education. Education holds paramount importance for human development, acting as a continuous and lifelong journey. Its necessity cannot be overstated in shaping individuals into better, more responsible citizens. Education facilitates genuine transformation, fostering the holistic development of one's character and intellect.

Given this perspective, our education system must emphasize quality, values, and skills. Our goal is to contribute meaningfully to the creation of a just and peaceful society. By executing our responsibilities with integrity, our college upholds the tradition of instilling human values in both students and faculty members.

At Vasudev College of Law, we take pride in nurturing the physical, mental, and intellectual development of our students. Our aim is to cultivate their thinking and intellectual faculties, ensuring they are equipped with the

necessary skills and knowledge for their future endeavors. We are committed to delivering quality education that enriches every student's cultural, intellectual, and social life.

Our college places a strong emphasis on providing a stimulating learning environment where values such as honesty, empathy, and social responsibility are ingrained in the minds of our students. We believe that these values are essential for the development of ethical and compassionate legal professionals who are dedicated to upholding justice and fairness.

In addition to our academic curriculum, we also focus on extracurricular and co-curricular activities that promote the overall growth of our students. These activities provide a platform for students to develop leadership, teamwork, and communication skills, which are crucial for their success in the legal field. Our faculty members are not just educators but also mentors who guide and support students in their journey of self-discovery and professional growth.

To ensure that our students receive the best possible education, we invest in modern infrastructure and teaching methodologies. Our classrooms are equipped with state-of-the-art facilities such as smart boards, projectors, and audio-visual aids, which enhance the learning experience. We also organize special lectures, seminars, and workshops featuring eminent scholars and legal experts from across the country.

At Vasudev College of Law, we strive to create a vibrant academic community where students are encouraged to question, explore, and engage in meaningful discussions. We believe in fostering a culture of critical thinking and intellectual curiosity, which are essential for the development of well-rounded legal professionals.

Join us at Vasudev College of Law and become part of a community that is committed to academic excellence, ethical leadership, and social justice. Here, you will find the support, resources, and opportunities needed to achieve your goals and make a positive impact on society. Together, we can work towards creating a better and more just world.

Message from Director- Academics, Director- IQAC (NAAC)



Mr. Deepak Dungrakoti

Vasudev Law College, located in Uttarakhand, has firmly established itself as a premier institute of legal education in the region. Over the past few years, the college has carved out a distinctive niche, earning a reputation for excellence in legal training. In today's rapidly evolving landscape, marked by the advent of science and technology, the legal profession has undergone substantial transformation. Traditional justice delivery systems are being reinvented to meet contemporary demands.

In this dynamic environment, it is imperative that law students, through their professional integrity and legal acumen, ensure justice that is prompt, efficient, and accessible to all. The role of legal education in fostering competent and ethical legal professionals cannot be overstated. Vasudev Law College is committed to this mission, continually striving to elevate the standards of legal education.

Our faculty members are at the forefront of this endeavor, dedicating themselves to the intellectual and professional growth of our students. Through innovative teaching methodologies and a curriculum that blends theoretical knowledge with practical application, they prepare students to navigate the complexities of modern legal challenges.

At Vasudev Law College, we recognize the importance of adapting to the changing demands of the legal profession. Our approach is holistic, focusing not only on academic excellence but also on the development of essential skills such as critical thinking, ethical reasoning, and public service. By nurturing these qualities, we aim to produce legal professionals who are not only knowledgeable but also empathetic and committed to the greater good.

The college's infrastructure and resources are designed to provide a conducive learning environment. Our classrooms are equipped with state-of-the-art facilities, including smart boards, projectors, and audio-visual aids that enhance the learning experience. We also organize various co-curricular and extracurricular activities, including moot court competitions, legal aid clinics, and internships, to provide students with practical exposure to the legal field.

We take great pride in our faculty's dedication and hard work. Their unwavering commitment to maintaining high standards of legal education is truly commendable. On behalf of Vasudev Law College, I extend my heartfelt congratulations and appreciation to all the faculty members who have been instrumental in our success.

In addition to academic achievements, Vasudev Law College places a strong emphasis on cultivating a culture of social responsibility and community engagement. Our students are encouraged to participate in pro bono work, legal awareness campaigns, and other initiatives that contribute to the betterment of society. By doing so, they gain valuable experience and a sense of fulfillment from making a positive impact.

I invite aspiring legal professionals to join Vasudev Law College, where they will find a supportive and enriching academic community. Here, they will receive the guidance, resources, and opportunities needed to excel in their chosen field and contribute meaningfully to the legal profession. Together, we can work towards creating a more just and equitable society.

THE INSTITUTION

Vasudev College of Law, established in 2017, aims to cater to the needs of the legal profession by promoting advocacy, judiciary, law teaching, and research. A sound legal order is the cornerstone of a democratic society, and law plays a crucial role in societal development and prosperity. The primary reasons for establishing Vasudev College of Law include the absence of a law college in Nainital District, creating a much-needed opportunity for aspiring legal professionals.

Additionally, the college seeks to promote continuous legal education and research, fostering projects requiring field studies and collaborative thinking. By bringing together judges, lawyers, law teachers, and researchers, the college aims to develop an integrated approach to law in society.

Under the supervision of the esteemed Chairman, Dr. Chandra Shekhar Joshi, and under the management of the Harihar Social Welfare and Educational Society, Haldwani (Registered), the college is thriving towards excellence. Vasudev College of Law is affiliated with Kumaun University, Nainital, and is duly approved by the Bar Council of India, New Delhi.

VISION STATEMENT

Vasudev College of Law, established in 2017 at Haldwani, Nainital, envisions itself as a premier institution dedicated to nurturing ethical, knowledgeable, and justice-oriented legal professionals. Our mission is to provide an affordable and quality education while fostering an environment where students can achieve their full potential, both academically and personally.

At Vasudev College of Law, we believe that a transformative educational experience is defined by rigorous academic standards and a profound commitment to social responsibility. Through adherence to the ideals of the Constitution and the Rule of Law, we ensure that our students are well-prepared for their entrance into the Bar-Bench profession, ready to uphold justice with integrity and fairness.

Our Liberal Learning Model is designed to offer a holistic approach to legal education. We integrate traditional legal principles with contemporary issues, encouraging students to think critically and engage deeply with the material. This model not only equips our students with the necessary skills and knowledge but also fosters a sense of empathy and ethical responsibility.

Central to our vision is the commitment to providing students with the resources they need to excel. Vasudev College of Law boasts a Global Standard Library and an extensive collection of books, offering unparalleled support for a comprehensive and in-depth understanding of legal principles. Our state-of-the-art facilities, including smart classrooms and modern teaching aids, enhance the learning experience and ensure that our students are well-prepared for the challenges of the modern legal landscape.

We also believe in the importance of practical experience. Through moot court competitions, internships, legal aid clinics, and various co-curricular and extracurricular activities, our students gain hands-on experience that complements their academic learning. These opportunities help them develop essential skills such as leadership, teamwork, and public speaking, which are crucial for success in the legal field.

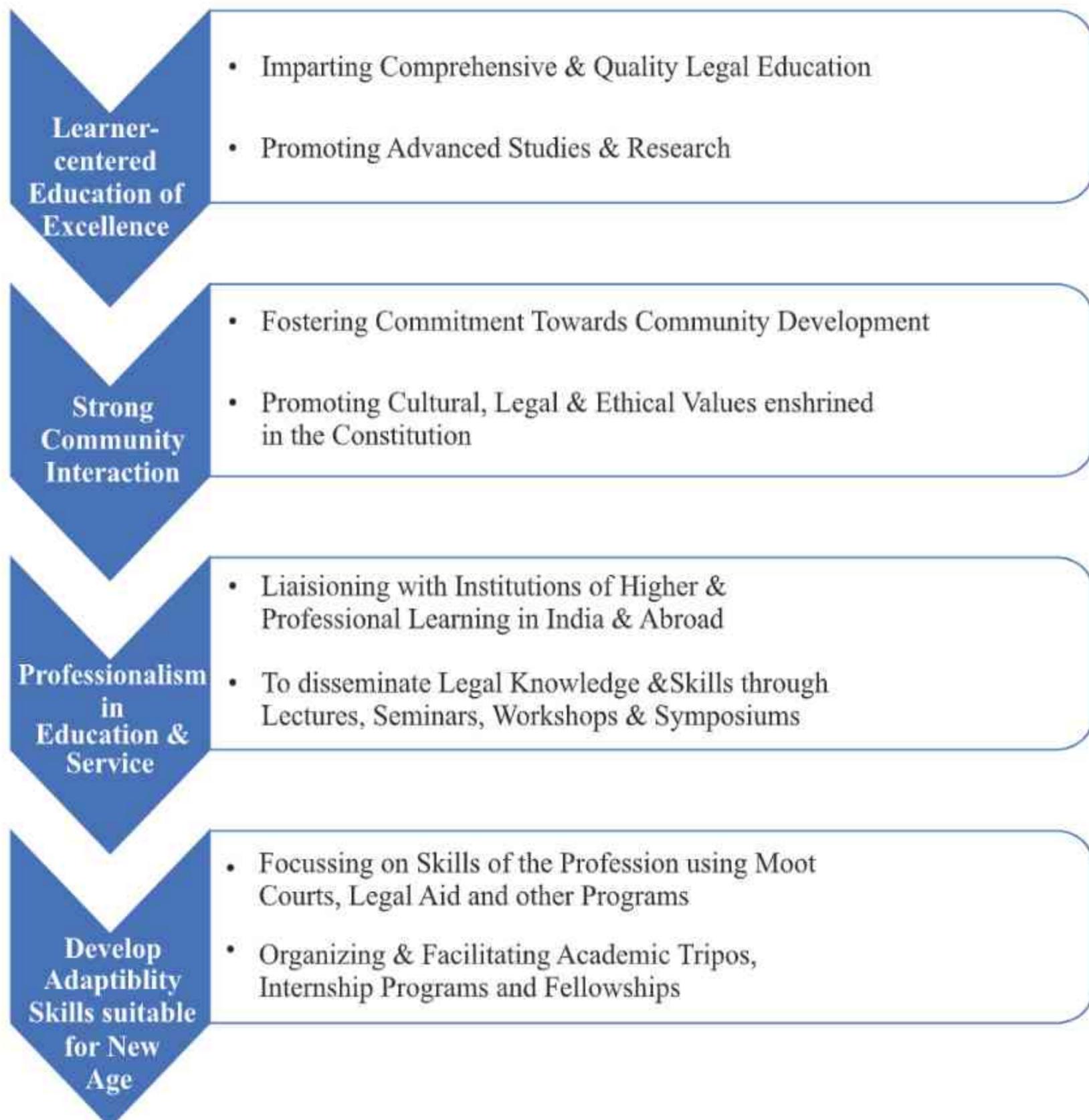
Our faculty members play a pivotal role in realizing our vision. They are dedicated to the intellectual and professional growth of our students, employing innovative teaching methodologies and fostering a culture of inquiry and critical thinking. Their commitment to maintaining high standards of legal education ensures that our students are well-prepared to navigate the complexities of the legal profession.

Moreover, Vasudev College of Law places a strong emphasis on community service and public interest. We encourage our students to engage in pro bono work, legal awareness campaigns, and other initiatives that contribute to the betterment of society. By doing so, they gain valuable experience and fulfillment from making a positive impact on their communities.

In summary, Vasudev College of Law strives to create a vibrant and inclusive academic community dedicated to excellence, justice, and the greater good. We envision a just and equitable world, driven by future leaders who are committed to the cause of justice and fairness. By providing a comprehensive legal education that emphasizes ethical values, practical experience, and intellectual development, we empower our students to make meaningful contributions to the legal profession and society at large.

Join us at Vasudev College of Law and embark on a journey of intellectual growth, ethical development, and professional excellence. Together, we can work towards creating a better and more just society.

MISSION AND OBJECTIVE

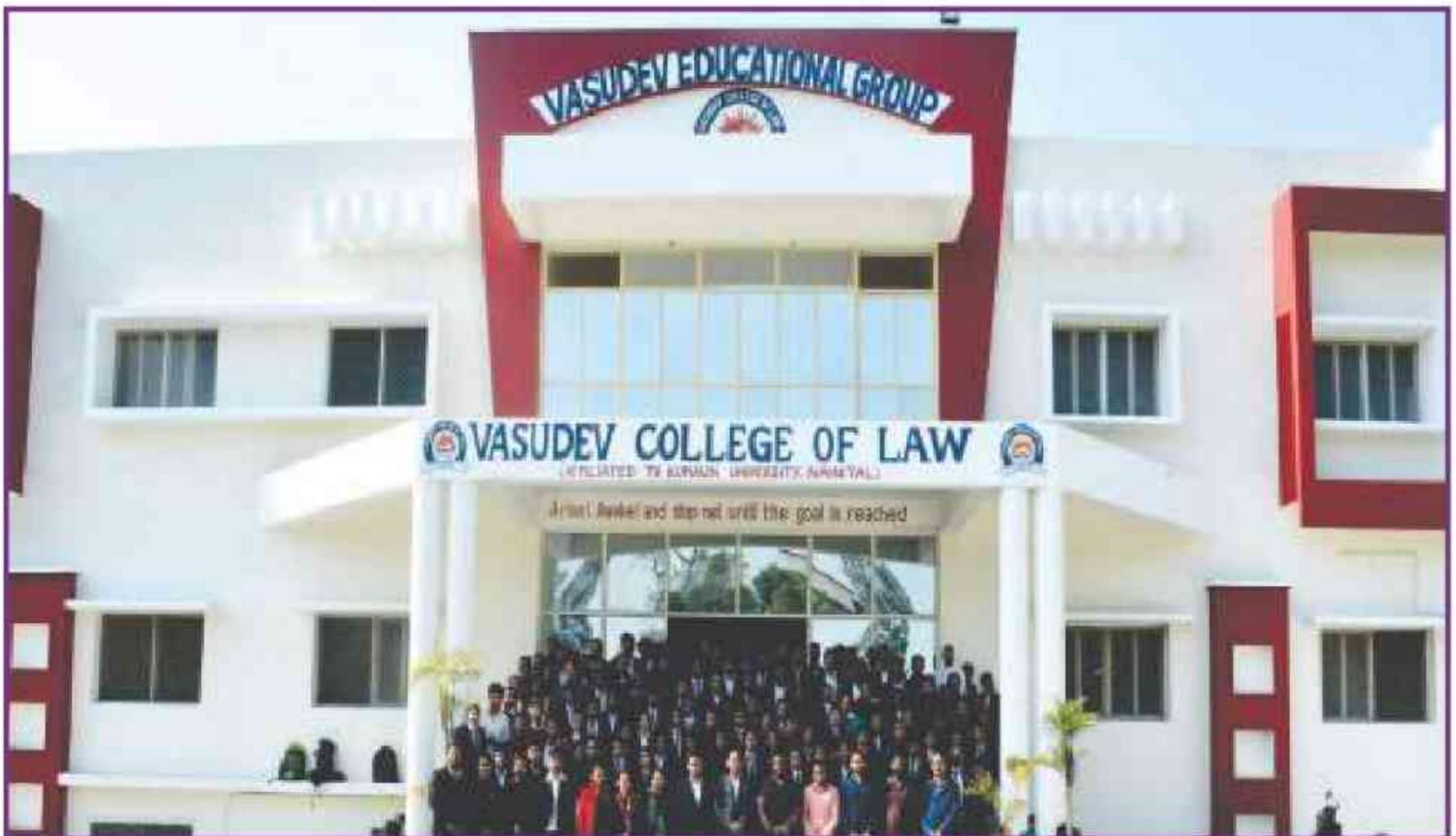


BUILDING

The College of Law, nestled amidst the serene greenery of Gunipur, Bhauna in the picturesque Lamachaur Area of Haldwani, boasts a modern campus designed to foster a dynamic learning environment. The main building, a testament to architectural elegance, comprises a basement and a ground floor, recently expanded with a first floor that houses a state-of-the-art conference room and a mini-auditorium.

The basement level serves as a hub of academic resources, housing the College's comprehensive library and a dedicated stack room. The ground floor accommodates a well-equipped Moot Court for honing advocacy skills, a spacious Seminar Hall for interactive discussions, and modern classrooms equipped with the latest audio-visual technology. This includes projectors, high-quality sound systems, and advanced lighting arrangements, creating an engaging and conducive learning environment for students.

Furthermore, the College provides dedicated office spaces for both research and administrative staff, fostering a supportive and collaborative atmosphere. This modern infrastructure reflects the College's commitment to providing a high-quality legal education that equips students with the knowledge, skills, and resources necessary to excel in their chosen legal careers.



LIBRARY

The library is the cornerstone of any institution, providing a critical platform that empowers students to stay updated with the latest developments and broaden their intellectual horizons. At Vasudev College of Law, we recognize the importance of a well-equipped library in fostering academic excellence.

Our library encourages students to spend ample time exploring a wide range of law books, journals, and other scholarly materials. With an impressive collection of books covering various subjects, the Vasudev College of Law library is a treasure trove of knowledge. The library is well-lit and air-conditioned, providing a spacious, comfortable environment for study.

In addition to traditional print materials, our library is equipped with an online library management system that facilitates better circulation of materials. Students have access to numerous online databases that offer a wealth of legal resources. We also provide regular newsletters and manuals to keep students informed about the latest academic trends and legal developments.

Our extensive collection includes a vast number of textbooks, reference books, journals, periodicals, and magazines related to law and allied subjects. The library also hosts conventions and seminars, offering opportunities for students to engage in meaningful discussions and stay abreast of contemporary issues.

At Vasudev College of Law, we are committed to creating a conducive learning environment that supports both academic and personal growth. Our library stands as a testament to this commitment, offering students the resources they need to excel in their legal studies and pursue their aspirations.



Ms. Hema Darmwal

(Librarian)

- B Lib., DSB Campus, Nainital

- M Lib., DSB Campus, Nainital



Moot Court and Practical Training

The College emphasizes practical training through regular moot court sessions within the campus. The well-equipped Moot Court provides a realistic platform for students to hone their advocacy skills. Furthermore, students are taken on educational visits to the Hon'ble High Court of Uttarakhand, District and Session Court Nainital, and various civil offices as part of their curriculum. These visits provide invaluable firsthand experience of court procedures and equip students with the confidence and professionalism required to conduct themselves effectively in legal settings. To foster a spirit of healthy competition, the Vasudev College of Law organizes an annual National Moot Court Competition and an Intra-University Moot Court Competition, providing a valuable platform for students to showcase their talents and develop their advocacy skills.

As a commitment to the legal fraternity, the College has organized two National Moot Court Competitions. The 2nd National Moot Court Competition, held in October 2018, witnessed participation from 12 prestigious law colleges, with Himachal Pradesh National Law University, Shimla emerging victorious. The College also organized a National Hindi Moot Court Competition to promote the interest of students in Hindi litigation in lower courts.

The College actively encourages student participation in prestigious external moot court competitions, including the prestigious **Geeta International Law Moot Court Competition** and the **Uttaranchal University Moot Court Competition**. The College has also achieved notable success in the **7th Anand Swaroop Gupta Memorial International Moot Court Competition** at Sharda University, with students securing **Best Speaker Awards** for both male and female categories.



GUEST LECTURES

Vasudev Law College is committed to providing its students with a comprehensive and up-to-date legal education by regularly organizing guest lectures featuring eminent jurists, senior advocates from the High Court and Supreme Court, and other distinguished legal professionals. These lectures cover a wide range of topics that are of national and international significance, ensuring that students are well-informed about the latest developments and emerging trends in the field of law and related disciplines.

The primary objective of these guest lectures is to bridge the gap between theoretical knowledge and practical application. By inviting renowned legal experts to share their insights and experiences, the college aims to enrich the academic curriculum and provide students with a deeper understanding of complex legal issues. These sessions not only enhance the students' knowledge but also inspire them to think critically and develop a nuanced perspective on various legal matters.

Moreover, the guest lectures serve as a platform for students to engage with and learn from some of the most respected figures in the legal profession. This interaction fosters a spirit of intellectual curiosity and encourages students to pursue excellence in their legal careers. The college believes that such initiatives are crucial in preparing students to meet the challenges of a rapidly evolving legal landscape and to contribute meaningfully to the legal community.

In addition to the academic benefits, these lectures also provide valuable networking opportunities. Students have the chance to connect with leading legal professionals, which can be instrumental in their future career development. Vasudev Law College is dedicated to maintaining the highest standards of legal education and continues to organize these guest lectures as part of its ongoing efforts to provide a holistic and enriching learning experience for its students.



PLACEMENTS

Vasudev College of Law boasts a dedicated Placement Cell committed to facilitating campus placements for its students. Our primary objective is to achieve 100% placement for all willing and eligible students, ensuring they embark on successful and fulfilling careers in the legal profession.

The Placement Cell works tirelessly to bridge the gap between academic learning and professional practice by connecting students with a wide array of employment opportunities. We collaborate with prestigious law firms, corporate legal departments, public sector undertakings, and various other organizations to provide our students with diverse and promising career options.

To support this endeavor, the Placement Cell organizes a variety of activities throughout the academic year. These include resume-building workshops, mock interviews, and career counseling sessions aimed at enhancing students' employability skills. Additionally, we host recruitment drives and job fairs, inviting top-tier employers to our campus to meet and recruit our talented students.

Our commitment to student success extends beyond the placement process. We provide ongoing support and guidance to ensure that each student is well-prepared to transition from academia to the professional world. By fostering strong relationships with employers and maintaining a robust network of alumni, we strive to create a seamless and supportive environment for our students' career development.

Vasudev College of Law is dedicated to empowering its students with the tools and opportunities they need to achieve their career aspirations. Through our comprehensive placement services, we aim to fulfill our promise of 100% placement for all willing students, thereby contributing to their long-term success and the advancement of the legal profession.



SPORTS FACILITIES

Vasudev College of Law recognizes the integral role that sports and physical training play in fostering a well-rounded and healthy lifestyle. Our comprehensive sports infrastructure and programs are designed to promote physical fitness, teamwork, discipline, and overall well-being, ensuring that our students excel both in the classroom and on the field.

The college offers a wide range of sports facilities, including cricket, volleyball, badminton, chess, and table tennis. Additionally, Vasudev College of Law organizes regular sports events and tournaments, encouraging students to participate actively and showcase their talents. These events not only promote physical fitness but also instill a sense of camaraderie and healthy competition among students.

Our students have the opportunity to be selected for university teams in various sports disciplines, including taekwondo, shooting air rifle, and basketball. Their participation in these teams allows them to represent the college at higher levels and gain valuable experience in competitive sports.

In November 2023 and September 2024, we proudly organized sports fests and sports meets, providing a platform for students to display their athletic skills and engage in a variety of sports activities. These events were marked by enthusiasm and sportsmanship, further cementing the importance of physical activities in our academic culture.

We believe that sports and physical training are essential components of a holistic education. They teach valuable life lessons such as perseverance, leadership, and time management, which are crucial for personal and professional success. By integrating sports into our curriculum, we aim to develop well-rounded individuals who are equipped to face the challenges of the modern world with confidence and resilience.

We encourage all students to take advantage of these resources and embrace the benefits of an active and balanced lifestyle. At Vasudev College of Law, we are dedicated to creating an environment where students can thrive academically, athletically, and personally. Join us in this journey towards excellence and holistic development.



DRESS CODE

Vasudev College of Law places a high emphasis on maintaining a professional and uniform appearance among its students. To this end, a mandatory dress code has been established, which all students are required to adhere to on all working days. Strict compliance with the dress code is essential, and students who fail to do so will not be permitted to enter the campus.

Male Students:

The prescribed uniform for male students consists of black trousers, a white shirt, a black coat, black shoes, and black or white socks.

Female Students:

Female students have the option to choose between the standard uniform or the following alternatives: a white kameez/kurta, white salwar, white/black chunari, a black coat, or a black printed saree with a white blouse and black footwear. This flexibility ensures that female students can maintain both professionalism and cultural sensitivity in their attire.



ACHIEVEMENTS AND ACCOLADES

Since its inception in 2017, Vasudev has fostered an environment that nurtures and celebrates student achievements. Students of Vasudev have excelled not only in curricular activities but have also made significant strides in extracurricular pursuits. This institution has consistently encouraged its students to strive for excellence both within its walls and in broader arenas.

The commitment of Vasudev to holistic development has yielded remarkable results. Students have garnered numerous accolades and have brought laurels to the institution at various levels, especially at the University level. Their dedication and hard work have been rewarded with Silver and Gold Medals, highlighting their outstanding performance and competitive spirit. These achievements are a testament to the quality of education and the all-round development that Vasudev imparts.

Moreover, the institution's emphasis on fostering a well-rounded education ensures that students are prepared to face challenges both academically and in real-life scenarios. This holistic approach has not only enhanced the students' learning experience but has also positioned Vasudev as a beacon of excellence in education. Through its continued focus on nurturing talent and promoting diverse skill sets, Vasudev has truly established itself as a distinguished institution of learning.



Savita Pandey Being awarded
Thakur Inder Singh Nayal Gold Medal
Vice Chancellor's Gold Medal, Gaura Devi Gold Medal



Sameechee Kandpal
(Vice Chancellor's Silver Medal-2021)



Manjery Balutia
(Vice Chancellor's Silver Medal-2020)



Harshita Bhatt (Awarded Vice Chancellor's Gold Medal- LLM - 2024)

INTERNSHIPS

Vasudev College of Law provides a comprehensive internship program to help students gain practical experience in various legal settings. The Internship program organized by college focusses upon the following points:

Diverse Opportunities

Students have the chance to intern at a wide range of institutions, including: Supreme Court of India, High Court of Uttarakhand, Law Firms, Senior Advocates, Corporate Bodies, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs), National and State Human Rights Commissions, National, State, and District Consumer Forums, Renowned NGOs

Practical Experience

These internships provide students with hands-on experience in the day-to-day working of these institutions, which is crucial for understanding the practical aspects of law.

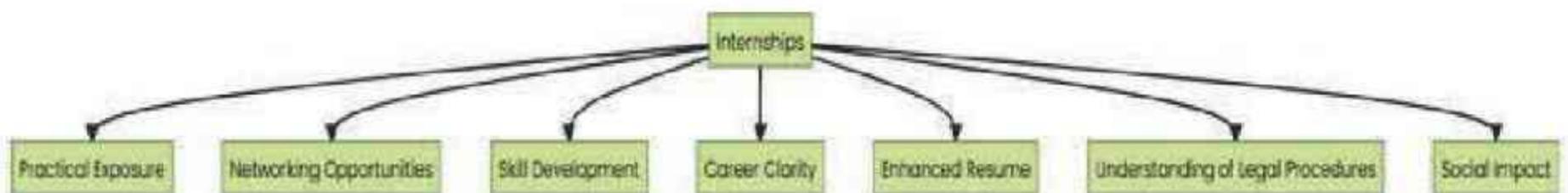
Encouragement and Support

The college actively encourages and facilitates these internships, ensuring that students have the opportunity to apply their academic learning in real-world legal environments.

Networking and Exposure

By interning at such diverse and prestigious institutions, students can build valuable professional networks and gain exposure to different areas of law.

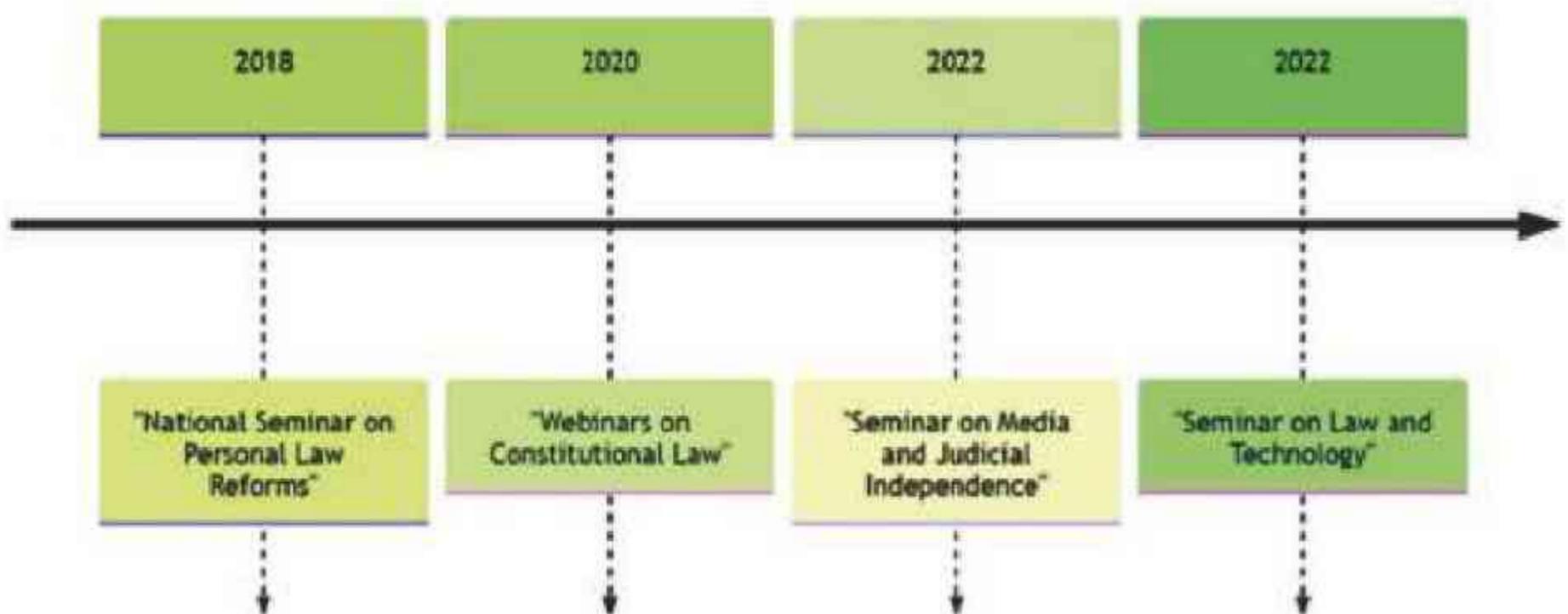
Overall, the internship program at Vasudev College of Law seems to be well-structured and beneficial for students looking to enhance their legal education and career prospects.



SEMINAR AND WEBINAR

Vasudev College of Law organized its inaugural National Seminar on October 6-7, 2018, focusing on the theme "Role of Judiciary in Personal Law Reforms in India: Prospects and Challenges." This event marked the beginning of a tradition at the college, fostering intellectual discourse and legal scholarship through a series of impactful seminars and webinars.

The second National seminar, held in November 2022, tackled the critical theme of "Right to Know, Media Reporting, and Judicial Independence: Issues and Challenges." This event delved into the complex interplay between media freedom and judicial autonomy, discussing the intricacies and implications of these critical issues.



The third National seminar, titled "Law and Technology: Future Prospects and Challenges in a Digitalized World," explored the evolving landscape of technology and its implications for the legal field. Attendees engaged in discussions about the future of law in an increasingly digitalized society and the role of legal professionals in navigating these changes.

In light of the COVID-19 pandemic and the subsequent lockdowns in 2020, Vasudev College of Law initiated a series of webinars on constitutional law. These virtual sessions were conducted in collaboration with the District Legal Services Authority (DLSA) and other esteemed legal organizations. Despite the challenges posed by the pandemic, these webinars ensured continued learning and engagement for students and professionals alike.

These initiatives underscore Vasudev College of Law's commitment to advancing legal education and fostering a deeper understanding of contemporary legal issues. By hosting seminars and webinars on varied and pertinent topics, the institution continues to play a vital role in shaping the future of legal education and practice.

FACULTY



Dr. Madhavi Joshi
(Associate Professor)
Director-DSW, Exam Controller
- M.A,GPG College, Ranikhet
- Ph.D, Kumaun University



Dr Nidhi Kandpal
(Assistant Professor)
Deputy Director, IQAC (NAAC)
- MA (Gold Medallist) SRS
College Bareilly
- Ph.D Kumaun University,
Nainital,



Mr. Deepak Dungrakoti
Director (Academics) ;
Director IQAC (NAAC)
LL.B, Kumaun University. Nainital.
LL.M Kumaun University. Nainital.
UGC –NET, USET



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University
- LL.M, Himachal Pradesh
National Law University Shimla (HP)
- UGC NET -2018



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University, Nainital UK
- UGC - NET
- Pursuing Ph.D (Economics)



Mr. Janardan Singh
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- LL.M Dr. Babasaheb Bhim Rao Ambedkar
(Central) University, Lucknow. (Gold Medalist)
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Mrs. Swati Joshi
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Kumaun University, Nainital
LL. M - S. S. J Campus Almora.
Soban Singh Jeena University
USET Qualified 2015

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(Assistant Professor)
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Kumaun University, Nainital
LL. M - S. S. J Campus Almora.
Soban Singh Jeena University
UGC NET Qualified June 2024



Mrs. Geeta Joshi
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LL.M Kumaun University. Nainital



Mr. Dixit Joshi
(Assistant Professor)
B.B.A.LL.B. [Honours] - Symbiosis
Law School Pune
LL.M. - Gujarat National Law
University

GUEST FACULTY



Mr. Manoj Kumar
(Guest Faculty)
LL.B, Kumaun University. Nainital
LL.M Kumaun University. Nainital
UGC -NET.



Dr. Deep Prakash Bhatt.
(Guest Faculty)
LL.B, Mahatma Jyotiba Phule
Rohilkhand University.
LL.M, Kumaun University. Nainital.
Ph.D (Law)
UGC-NET



Dr. K.H. Gupta
(Guest Faculty)
LL.B, Aligarh Muslim University
LL.M. Aligarh Muslim University
Ph.D. (Law) Kumaon University
Nainital



Mr. Rajeev Bhatt
(Guest Faculty)
LL. B. - Kumaun University, Nainital
LL. M.- Kumaun University, Nainital
PH.D. - Kumaun University, Nainital

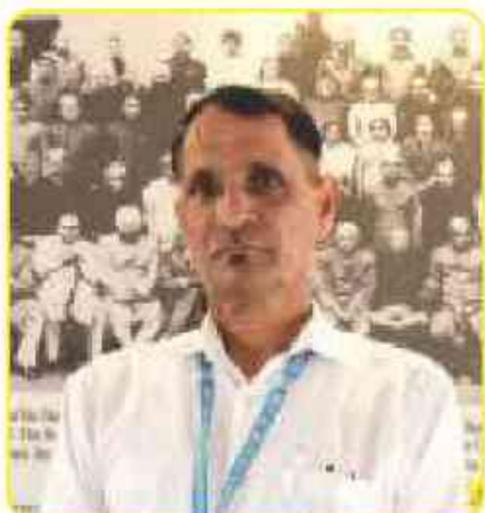


Mr. Bhashkar Chandra Pandey
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Mr. Sandeep Kumar Yadav
(Guest Faculty)
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Lohiya National Law University, Lucknow.
- LL.M Dr. Babasaheb Bhim Rao Ambedkar
(Central) University, Lucknow.
- UGC NET 2018

ADMINISTRATION / OFFICE STAFF



Mr. Anand Ballabh Gunwant
Office Staff
Office Superintendent



Ms. Sheetal Pandey
Office Staff
Receptionist



Mr. Khushal Bora
Office Staff
Accountant



Mr. Kapil Joshi
Office Staff



Mr. Sandeep Arya
Office Staff
Pilot

Fee Structure

LL.B. Fee Structure of Session 2025-26

	Semester						Total
	I-Sem	II-Sem	III-Sem	IV-Sem	V-Sem	VI-Sem	
Prospectus Fee	300	-	-	-	-	-	300.00
Library Fee	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	7,200.00
Tuitions Fee	23000	23000	23000	23000	23000	23000	1,38,000.00
Sports Fee	600	600	600	600	600	600	3,600.00
Development Fee	200	200	200	200	200	200	1,200.00
Net Fee	25300	25000	25000	25000	25000	25000	1,50,300.00
Examination Fee	As per University Rules						

B.A.LL.B. Fee Structure for session 2025-26

	Semester										Total
	I- Sem	II- Sem	III- Sem	IV- Sem	V- Sem	VI- Sem	VII- Sem	VIII- Sem	IX- Sem	X- Sem	
Prospectus Fee	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300.00
Library Fee	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	12000.00
Tuitions Fee	20100	20100	20100	20100	20100	20100	20100	20100	20100	20100	201000.00
Sports Fee	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	6000.00
Development Fee	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	2000.00
Net Fee	22400	22100	22100	22100	22100	22100	22100	22100	22100	22100	221300.00
Examination Fee	As per University Rules										

LL.M. Fee Structure of Session 2025-26

	Semester				Total
	I-Sem.	II-Sem.	III-Sem.	IV-Sem.	
Prospectus Fee	300	-	-	-	300.00
Registration Fee	5000	-	-	-	5,000.00
Library Fee	1000	1000	1000	1000	4,000.00
Tuition Fee	23000	23000	23000	23000	92,000.00
Sports Fee	200	200	200	200	800.00
Development Fee	800	800	800	800	3,200.00
Net Fee	30,300.00	25,000.00	25,000.00	25,000.00	1,05,300.00
Examination Fee	As per University Rules				

After the commencement of 1st Semester of LL.B. and B.A.LL.B. Courses, if there is any delay in the payment of College fees then the student shall be required to pay additional Rs.1000/- for each month of delay as late fees.

Advance fee is required to be paid by the students per semester for the courses pursued in the college.

***Fees once paid is not refundable in any circumstances.**

PHOTO GALLERY



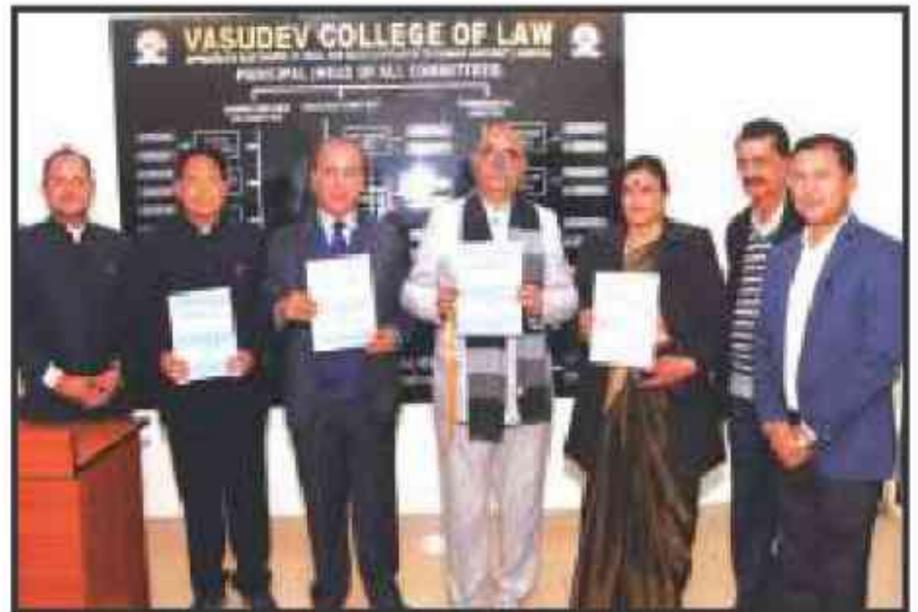
Lamp Lighting Ceremony, at
Valedictory Session of National Seminar-2023



Chairman & Director felicitating Shri Ajay Bhatt
Minister of State for Defence UOI



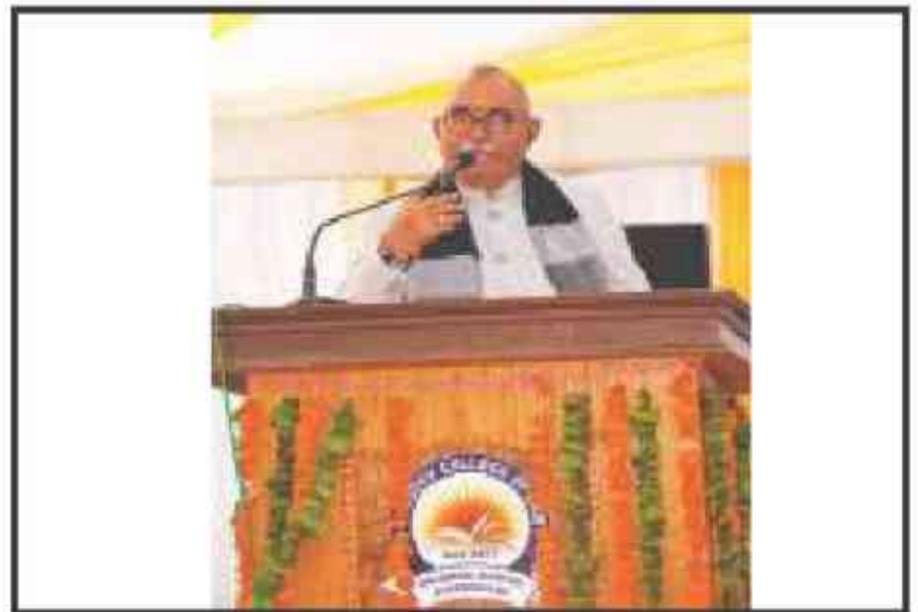
Mr. Deepak Dungrakoti,
Felicitating Shri Mahendra Singh Pal
President Bar Council of Uttarakhand



Hon'ble Shri Pankaj Purohit, Justice High Court, Uttarakhand
Shri Mahendra Singh Pal, President Bar Council of Uttarakhand
Shri Vijay Bhatt, Member Bar Council of Uttarakhand



Dr. Madhevi Joshi felicitating
Smt. Rameshwari Purohit, Academician



Hon'ble Shri Pankaj Purohit, Justice High Court, Uttarakhand
Addressing Students

PHOTO GALLERY



Ms. Hema Darmwal felicitating
Dr. C.S. Joshi, Chairman, Vasudev College of Law



Mr. Gaurav Joshi felicitating
Shri Harbans Singh, S.P. City, Haldwani



Dr. C.S. Joshi felicitating, Hon'ble Justice Shri P.C. Pant
Former Judge, Supreme Court of India &
Member NHRC



Inauguration of National Seminar on
Law and Technology at Vasudev College of Law



Mr. Deepak Dungrakoti felicitating
Dr. S.D. Sharma former Head & Dean
Faculty of Law SSJ University, Almora



Mr. Aditya Singh, Advocate, High Court of Uttarakhand,
at Plenary Session of National Seminar

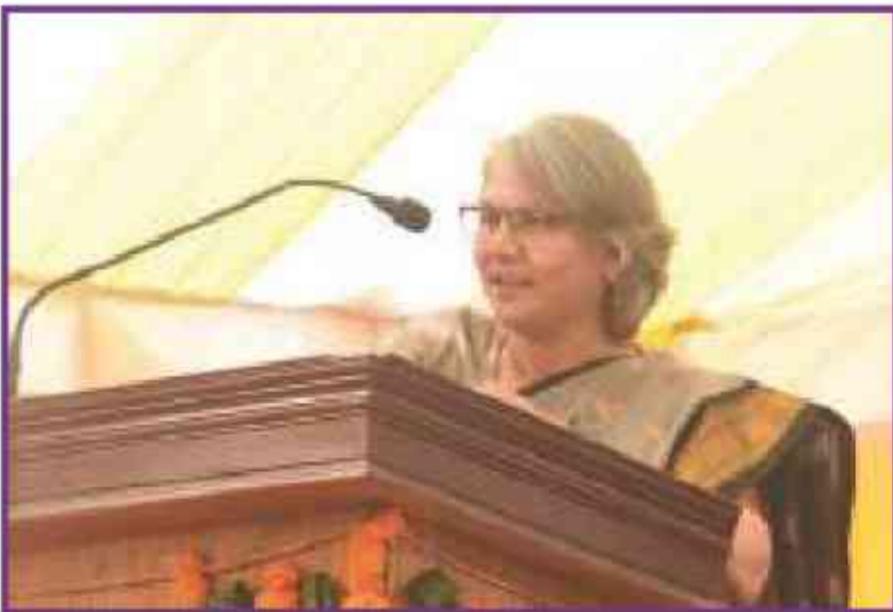
PHOTO GALLERY



Launching of Vasudev Journal of Interdisciplinary Studies



Shri P.C. Pant, Member, National Human Rights Commission and Former Judge at Supreme Court of India inaugurating National Seminar on Law and Technology



Prof. Dr. Preeti Saxena inaugurating National Seminar on Law and Technology.



Student Performing Welcome Song at Valedictory Session



Kautik, The Cultural and Sports Fest of Vasudev College of Law



Student Interaction at Plenary Session of National Seminar

GLIMPSES FROM THE NATIONAL SEMINAR



GLIMPSES FROM THE NATIONAL SEMINAR



GLIMPSES FROM THE KAUTIK 2024

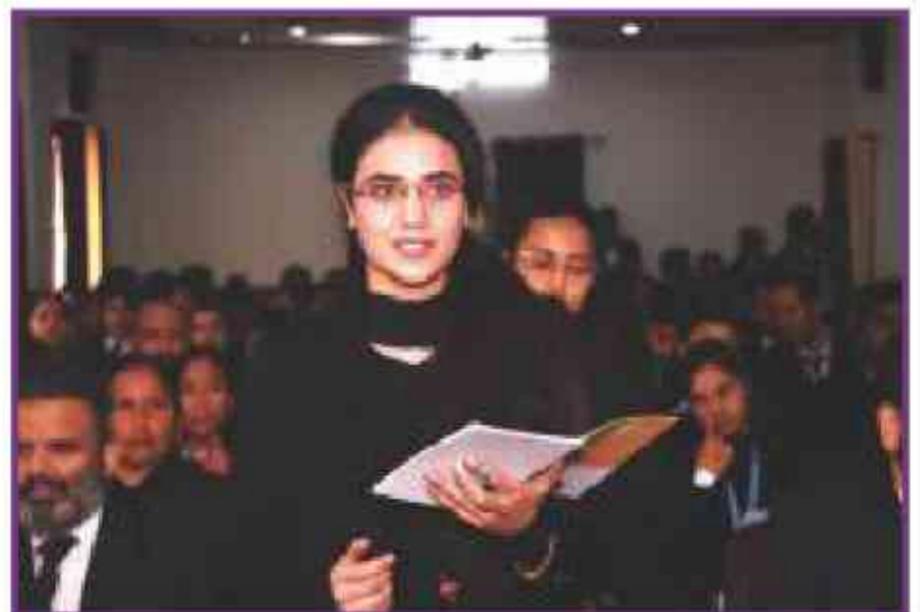
The Sports & Cultural Fest of Vasudev College of Law



Student Performance at Cultural Evening National Seminar



Student Performance at Cultural Evening National Seminar



DETAILS OF COURSES OFFERED BY THE COLLEGE

<u>Course</u>	<u>Duration</u>	<u>No. of Seats</u>
B.A.LL.B.	- 5 year	120
LL.B.	- 3 year	120
LL.M.	- 2 year	20

ELIGIBILITY

Criteria for B.A.LL.B. (No Age Limit)

- 45% in 10+2 for General Category
- 42% in 10+2 for OBC Category
- 40% in 10+2 for SC/ST

Criteria for LL.B. (No Age Limit)

- 45% in Graduation for General Category
- 42% in Graduation for OBC Category
- 40% in Graduation for SC/ST Category

Criteria for LL.M. in Constitutional Law and Administrative Law/Corporate Law (No Age Limit)

- Graduate Degree of LL.B. or B.A.LL.B.
- 50% in Graduation for General Category
- 45% in Graduation for OBC & SC/ST Category

Note: The age limit criteria in both the courses is in accordance with the rules laid down by the Bar Council of India and The Kumaun University.

SUBJECTS

B.A.LL.B. SUBJECTS

B.A.LL.B - I Semester

1. English – I
2. History – I
3. Sociology-I
4. Political Science –I
5. Constitutional Law-I

B.A.LL.B - II Semester

1. English – II
2. History – II
3. Sociology-II
4. Political Science –II
5. Constitutional Law-II

B.A.LL.B - III Semester

1. English-III
2. History of Court in India
3. Political Science- III
4. Economics – I(Micro Economics)
5. Family Law-I (Hindu Law)

B.A.LL.B.- IV Semester

1. English- IV
2. Political Science- IV
3. Economics- II
4. Computer Fundamental
5. Family Law- II(Muslim law)

B.A.LL.B - V Semester

1. History of Legislature and Legal Profession in India
2. Contract –I and Specific Relief
3. Law of Torts, Motor Vehicle Act & Consumer Protection
4. Criminal Law (Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita)
5. Political Science- V

B.A.LL.B - VI Semester

1. Political Science- VI
2. Legal Methods & Legal Research
3. Contract-II
4. Public International Law
5. Environmental Law

B.A.LL.B. - VII Semester

1. Administrative Law
2. Jurisprudence
3. Property Law (Transfer Of Property Act & Easement Act)
4. Company Law
5. Practical Training : Professional Ethics, Accountancy For Lawyers And Bar-Bench Relations

B.A.LL.B. - VIII Semester

1. Civil Procedure Code
2. Bhartiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita
3. Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam
4. Law relating to Crime Against Women
5. Alternative Dispute Resolution

B.A.LL.B. - IX Semester

1. Labour Law
2. Land Laws
3. Insurance Law
4. Intellectual Property Rights
5. Practical Training: Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing

B.A.LL.B.- X Semester

1. Principles of Taxation Laws
2. Labour Law-II
3. Interpretation of Statutes
4. Human Rights: Law and Practice
5. Moot Court, Pre-Trial Preparations and Internship

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

I SEMESTER

History – I**Unit – I Ancient India Introduction**

- a. Varna- Ashrama- Dharma b. Caste System- Evolution of classes and castes Sanskaras: a. Meaning and Importance
- b. Different Sanskaras Institutions: a. Marriage: Types of Marriage-Divorce-Widowhood-Prostitution.

Position of the women in Ancient India- Education-Marriage –Divorce- Widowhood, Anuloma and Pratiloma, Marriage – Women in Public Life –Women and proprietary rights. Political Conditions Historical evolution of the State: Origin of kingship- Coronation , Ceremony – Functions of the king- Development of the kingship in Ancient India. Monarchy: Growth of Monarchy with Special reference to Mauryas and Guptas- Maurayan Administration- Centralization- Guptas Administration- Decentralization.

Unit – II

REPUBLICS: Meaning-Names of Republican State in Ancient India- The Republic of Lichchavis-Constitutional experiments or Organization and Function of the Republics.

Unit – III

Village Administration : With special reference to Cholas.

Unit – IV

Medieval Period Rise of Islam: Main features of Islam – Influence of Islam on Ancient Indian Culture- Evolution of Synthetic culture. Bhakti movement: Origin, Upanishads, Bhagvad Gita, Alvars and Nayanars- Manifestation during Medieval Period –Shankara –Ramananda- Kabir- Meerabai-Nanak. Position of Women in Medieval period.

Sociology-I**Unit – I**

1. Sociology- definition, subject matter and scope
2. Sociology as a science and its relationship with Psychology, Political Science, Anthropology and Law. Steps of Scientific enquiry; Methods and Techniques.

Unit – II

1. Basic Concepts :
Society- Community and Social Groups/
Study of Indian society
3. Association and Institution
4. Social Process- Associative and Dissociative
5. Status and Role

Unit – III

1. Socialization – Agencies, Stages, Theories
2. Stratification – Bases and Changing patterns.
3. Social Control- Formal and Informal

Unit – IV

1. Religion – Definitions, Theories of origin
2. Culture & Civilization
3. Family and Diversity of Indian Society
4. Personality – factors those influence personality development
5. Norms & values
6. Caste- Origin, structure and change Scheduled and Backward castes.

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

I SEMESTER

Political Science –I

Unit – I

Introduction to Political Science

1. Meaning
2. Definition
3. Scope of Political Science.
4. Importance and its Nature- Is it really a science?
5. Relation of Political Science with Law, Economics, Sociology, Ethics and Religion

Unit – II

(a) The State:

1. Meaning of State
2. Definition of State and Nation
3. Distinction between State and Nation.
4. Distinction between State and Association
5. Distinction between State and Society- Population/Territory Government/ International Recognition

(b) Elements of State

1. Population
 2. Territory
 3. Government
- International Recognition

Unit – III

Sovereignty

1. Meaning, Characteristic and kinds
2. Austin's Theory of Sovereignty and its criticism of jurists
3. Pluralists and internationalists
4. Distinction between sovereignty and Power, and authority
5. Distinction between Power and Authority,
6. Distinction between Authority and Legitimacy
7. Basis of coercive power of state
8. Law, Liberty & Equality Rights & obligations

Unit – IV

Theories of Origin of State-

1. Theory of Divine origin of State
2. Patriarchal and Matriarchal theory
3. Force theory
4. Social contract theory
5. Theory of evolution as the origin of state
6. Ideas of Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau on the nature of man; state of nature, contract and sovereignty.

Constitutional Law-I

Unit-I

- 1- Salient Feature of Indian Constitution
2. Nature of the Indian Constitution
3. Preamble of Indian Constitution

Unit-II

- 1- Fundamental Rights: Article 12 to Article 21
A

Unit-III

- 1- Fundamental Rights : Article 22 to Article 32
2. Directive Principles of State Policy
3. Fundamental Duties

Unit-IV

- 1- Executive – Union and State
2. Legislature- Union- and State

II. SEMESTER

English - II

Unit-I

1. Conjunctions (Simple Conjunctions and Co – relative Conjunctions)
2. Important Latin and English affixes

Unit-II

1. Reading comprehension – Word meaning – using them in sentences,
2. Précis Writing (60-100words), Short Questions-Answers

Unit-III

Legal Terms (Common Words)

1. Compos mentis
2. Fait accompli
3. Impasse
4. Infra dignitum
5. Modus operandi
6. Ignorantia legis neminem excusat
7. In judicion non creditur nisi juratis
8. In pari causa possessor potior haberi debet
9. Judicium redditur in invitum
10. Matrimonia debent esse libera

Unit-IV

1. Composition (Topics Concerning Legal System, Society, Judiciary)260-300 words
2. Letter Writing (Formal, Legal Correspondence)

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

II SEMESTER

History- II**Unit –I****Medieval Period**

1. **DELHI SULTANATE:** Administration-Theocratic-Central Administration.

Judiciary During Delhi Sultanat: Organization of the Judiciary- Hindu and Muslim code-Punishment.

Unit –II

MUGHALS: Administration – Central and Munsabdari System- Religious Policy of Akbar 4. Judiciary under Mughals

Unit –III**Modern India**

1. Advent of Europeans – Establishment of British Rule in India 1740-1764 – Carnatic Wars Battle of Plassey and Battle of Buxar.
2. British Rule upto 1857.

Unit –IV**Freedom Struggle**

1. Factors for the birth of Indian Nationalism
2. First Phase of the Freedom Struggle-1885-1916.
3. Second phase of the Freedom Struggle-1916-1935.

Some great men of India:

Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Gopala Krishna Gokhale, Lala Lajpat Rai, Subhash Chandra Bose, Gandhi, Aurubindo, Bhagat Singh, Laxmi Bai of Jhansi.

Sociology- II**Unit – I**

Social Change- Concept, factors, Modes, Theories and Processes of Social Change

1. Definition of Sociology & Legal Profession
2. Sanskritization & Westernization
3. Industrialization & Urbanization.
4. Modernization & Secularization
5. Social deviance
6. Social relationship in Legal Profession

Unit – II

1. Caste- Definition, Characteristics, Prohibitions, Dominant Caste & OBCs
2. Class- Characteristics and as the basis of emerging stratification in our society
3. Tribe- Definition, Characteristics, Social Scenario in India
4. Scheduled Caste- Problems and Laws
5. Scheduled Tribe- Problems and Laws

Unit – III

1. Identity, Dignity & Social Justice
2. Women status, empowerment Problems and Laws
3. Ethnic minorities- Problems and Solutions
4. Children & Aged- Problems, changing perspective and Laws

Unit – IV

1. Concept of crime,
2. Factors of crime,
3. Theories of crime

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

II SEMESTER

Political Science - II

Unit – I

Forms of Government

1. Aristotle's classification & Modern Classification
2. Democracy- Concept of Democracy, Condition for the successful working of democracy, democracy and dictatorship
3. Parliamentary and Presidential form of Government with their respective features. Strength and weakness
4. Unitary and Federal form of Government

Unit – II

1. Rule of Law
2. Separation of Power
3. Meaning, Application to modern government with special reference of USA, UK and India.
4. Check and Balance Theory with special reference to U.S., U.K. & India

Unit – III

1. The President, The Governor
2. The Prime Minister, Council of Ministers
3. The Parliament, State Legislature (Uni cameral and Bi cameral)
4. Duty of a representative- Representation of minorities

Unit – IV

Judiciary

1. Structure & Functions of Supreme Court and High Court
2. Judicial Review
3. Judicial Activism
4. Independence of Judiciary
5. Judiciary its relation with Legislature and Executive

Constitutional Law -II

Unit-I

- 1- Judiciary- Supreme Court and High Court “ Constitution and Jurisdiction
- 2- Power of Judicial Review; Independence of Judiciary

Unit-II

- 1- Centre- State Relations : Legislative, Administrative and Financial
- 2- Emergency Provisions

Unit-III

1. Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse
2. Services under the Union and States

Unit-IV

1. Amendment of the Constitution
2. Tortuous Liability of the State

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

III SEMESTER

English-III

Unit-I

1. Composition (Topics Concerning Legal System, Society, Judiciary) 260-300 words
2. Letter Writing (Formal, Legal Correspondence)

Unit-II

Vocabulary

1. mutatis mutandis
2. obiter dictum
3. pari passu
4. raison d'etre
5. Tour de force
6. Nemo dat quod non habet
7. Nemo ejusdem tenementi simul potest esse heres et dominus
8. Nosciture a sociis
9. Nudi consenses obligation contrario consensus dissolvitur
10. Pacta conventa quae naque contra leges neque delo malo inita sunt omninodo observanda sunt

Unit-III

Important Latin and English affixes (example : illegal, unconstitutional, adjournment, unlawful etc)

Unit-IV

Meaning, context and use of English words commonly used in legal language

1. Alibi
2. Arbitration
3. Bail
4. Bench secretary
5. Caveat
6. Mutation
7. Notice
8. Plea bargaining
9. Probate
10. Power of attorney
11. Remand
12. Solicitor

13. Stay application
14. Will
15. Counter affidavit

History of Courts in India

Unit –I

Early Development

1. Introduction
2. Charter of 1600
3. Charter of 1661
4. Administration of justice in Madras, Bombay and Calcutta

Unit –II

The Charter of 1726

1. The mayor's court
2. The court of request (Under Charter of 1753)
3. Regulating Act of 1773
4. Supreme court of 1774

Unit –III

Legal System

1. Warren Hasting –Judicial Plan of 1772, 1774,
2. Lord Cornwallis –Judicial Plan of 1787, 1790, 1793
3. Reforms of Sir John Shore 1793
4. Lord William Bentick 1828, (with special four on appraisal of criminal law)

Unit –IV

Land Mark Cases

1. Trial of Raja Nand Kumar (1775)
2. Kamaluddin Case (1775)
3. The Patna Case (1775-79)
4. The Cassijurah Case (1779-1780)

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

III SEMESTER

Political Science- III**Unit – I****Plato's**

1. Views on justice.
2. Ideal state.
3. Education.
4. Communism.

Aristotle

1. Views on nature of state.
2. Slavery.
3. Concept of Revolution.
4. Classification of Constitution.
5. Property

Unit – II**Liberal Tradition****Thomas Hobbes:**

1. General Introduction
2. Analysis of human nature
3. Origin and nature of sovereignty

John Locke:

1. General introduction
2. Concept of social contract
3. Justification of right to property

Unit – III**Utilitarian Tradition****Jermy Bentham**

1. Views on Utilitarianism.
2. Hedonistic Calculus.
3. Views on Law Reforms.
4. Views on Judicial Reforms.

John Stuart Mill

1. General introduction
2. Views on liberty
3. Reflections on democracy

Unit – IV**Renaissance Tradition****Machiavelli**

1. Concept of Human nature.
2. Views on Morality.
3. Views on Religion.
4. Views on Ideal Ruler.
5. Machiavelli as First Modern Political Thinker

Economics - I**Micro Economics****Unit I**

Definition, Nature and scope; economics as a Science and its relevance to Law .

Economics as a basis of social welfare and social justice.

Micro and Macro Economics**Unit II**

Theory of Consumer Behavior-Marginal Utility analysis- Indifference curve analysis characteristics; Concepts of Demand and Supply, Law of Demand, Elasticity of demand; Measurement of price elasticity.

Unit III

Theory of Production- Production Function: Laws of Returns to scale. Law of variable proportion

Unit IV

Theory of Market- Concept of cost-Fixed , Variable, Average, Marginal and Total cost. Market structure with features. Types of market Determination of output and price under perfect competition,

Family Law-I (Hindu Law)**Unit –1**

1. Sources of Hindu Law and their application
2. 'Marriage' under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955: Concept, Nature and Essentials of a Valid Hindu Marriage
3. Matrimonial Remedies under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955:

Nature, Grounds & Consequences of

- i) Nullity of Mariage
- ii) Restitution of Conjugal Rights
- iii) Judicial Separation
- iv) Divorce

Unit-II

1. Maintenance:

1. Under the “Hindu Marriage Act, 1955”: Sec. 24 & 25
2. Under the “Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956”: Alimony and Maintenance to Hindu Wife

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

III SEMESTER

2. Adoption:

1. Under the "Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956": Essential Conditions & Legal Consequences
2. Impact of "adoption" provisions of Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000 on personal law of Hindus on Adoption

Unit-III

1. Hindu Joint Family & Coparcenary under Mitakshara School
2. Coparcenary Property and Position of Karta under Mitakshara School
3. Partition

Unit-IV

1. Hindu Succession Act, 1956:
 - 1- Characteristic features of Hindu Succession; Succession to property of Hindu Male and Hindu Female
 - 2- Disqualification relating to Hindu Succession, Hindu female's absolute right to property under Section 14

IV SEMESTER

English- IV

Unit-I

- 1 Comprehension of Legal Texts (derived from statutes) word-meanings, Question-answers.
- 1 Legal Maxim
 1. A posterior 2. A propos
 3. Sine qua non 4. Impromptu
 5. Locus standi 6. Res ipsa loquitur
 7. Res judicata pro veritate accipitur
 8. Summun jus, summa injuria
 9. Ubi jus, ibi remedium
 10. Volenti non fit injuria

Unit-II

Full forms of abbreviations of some legal reports and journals, viz.

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. A.C. | 2. A.I.R. |
| 3. A.L.J. | 4. All.E.R. |
| 5. A.T.C. | 6. Bom.L.R. |
| 7. C.C.J. | 8. Ch.D. |
| 9. C.P.J. | 10. Cr.L.R. |
| 11. I.T.R. | 12. Harv.L.Rev., |
| 13. J.I.L.I.B.Rev., | 14. LabI.C., |
| 15. L.L.J., | 16. M.L.J., |
| 17. L.Q.R., | 18. M.L.R., |
| 19. Q.B., | 20. S.C.C., |
| 21. S.C.R., | 22. S.L.J., |
| 23. S.T.C, | 24. Yale L.J. |

Unit-III

Meaning, context and use of English words commonly used in legal language. (Ten words to be attempted in examination out of 13 words given in the question paper):

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Adjournment | 2. Adjudication |
| 3. Appeal | 4. Court |
| 5. Tribunal | 6. Sale Deed |
| 7. Complaint | |
| 8. First Information Report (FIR) | |
| 9. Charge Sheet | |
| 10. Case Diary | 11. Order |
| 12. Decree | 13. Amendment |
| 14. Plaint | 15. Written Statement |

Unit-IV

Composition Skill (Essay writing on topics of Legal interest) 250-300 words. For example- Judicial Review; Child Labour in India; Law relating to Prisoners and under trials etc.

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

IV SEMESTER

Political Science- IV**Unit –I (Idealist Tradition)**

(a) G.W.F. HEGEL

1. General Introduction

2. Philosophy of History
3. Individuals quest for freedom
4. Emancipation from slavery

(b) T.H. Green

1. General introduction
2. Concept of moral freedom
3. Theory of rights
4. Foundation of political obligation

Unit –II**Marxist Tradition**

1. Scientific Socialism.
2. Historical Materialism.
3. Theory of Class struggle & Revolution.
4. Theory of State.

Unit –III**Gandhism and Sarvodaya**

1. Life sketch of Gandhi Ji and his contribution
2. Meaning of Gandhism and Gandhi Ji's views about religion and society
1. Life sketch of Gandhi Ji and his contribution
2. Meaning of Gandhism and Gandhi Ji's views about religion and society
3. Non-violence (Ahimsa) and satyagrah
4. Concept of true Swaraj and non violence state
5. Gandhi ji's influence on Modern India
6. Comparison and contrasts between Gandhism and Marxism.

Unit –IV**Main Currents of Political Thoughts**

1. Utilitarianism
2. Individualism
3. Idealism
4. Anarchism
5. Socialism
6. Communism

Economics- II**Macro-Economics 1.****Unit I**

Concepts of National Income, Significance of National Income., Unemployment : Concept and Types, Concepts of full Employment.

Unit II

Inflation- Types, Causes, , Concepts of Deflation, Reflation, Disinflation and Stagflation.

Monetary Policy : Objectives and Instruments. Functions of Reserve Bank of India.

Fiscal Policy : Objectives and Instruments-
Taxation: Principles and Kinds of Taxes.

Unit III

Structure and features of Indian Economy, Trends of National and Per Capita Income. features, Population Policy. Problem of Unemployed and poverty in India. A brief review of employment generation , Poverty alleviation programmes.

Unit IV

Importance of agriculture in Indian economy, Green revolution, land reforms, agricultural finance and credit. Problems of agricultural labour.. Role of Public, Private and small scale industries in Indian economy

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IV SEMESTER

Computer Fundamental**Unit-I****Introduction-**

1. Definition of Electronic Computer
2. History
3. Generations
4. Classification of Computers

Unit-II**Computer Hardware & Software**

1. Computer Types
2. CPU
3. RAM/ROM
4. Mother Board
5. Various I/O Devices
6. Storage Media
7. Windows Explorer

Unit-III

1. Operating System Type, Function
2. Windows Operating System
3. Computer Network , Type, Topologies
4. Hardware Requirement for Computer Network and Internet Connections

Unit-IV

1. World Wide Web , Web Browsers
2. Search Engines, E-Mail, Download, Attachments
3. M S Word, M S Excel, M S Power Point

Family Law- II (Muslim law)**Unit-I**

1. Sources of Muslim law-
Primary Sources
Secondary Sources
2. Schools of Muslim law-
Sunni School
Hanafi School
Saufi School

Hanbali School

SNA School- Athama ashauya, Ismaliya and Zamiya

3. Concept and nature of marriage, essentials of marriage, kind of marriage ,valid marriage, irregular marriage, void marriage, polygamy, option of puberty, and restitution of conjugal right.

Unit-II

1. Concept and nature of dower, Kinds of dower, Amount of Dower, widow's right of Retention
2. Divorce- Concept and nature of divorce kind of divorce- Talaq-ul-sunnat, Talaq-ul-biddat, khula, mubarat, Ila, Zihar and delegate Divorce
Grounds of divorce and Muslim marriage Act, 1939.

Unit-III

1. Maintenance- concept and nature of maintenance- Maintenance of wife, Children, Parents and other relatives, Maintenance of divorce and maintenance of divorce under Muslim women(Protection right to divorce) Act 1986
2. Waqf- concept and nature, Administration of waqf
3. Gift- concept and nature, essential of gift, revocation of gift

Unit-IV

1. Will- concept and nature of will, extent of limit of will.
2. Parentage and legitimacy
3. Securing of uniform civil code.
4. Inheritance, what is heritable property, Applicably of certain rules, Who are entitled to inherit.

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V SEMESTER

Political Science- V

Unit – I

Constitution of U.K.

1. General Features.
2. King and Crown.
3. Prime Minister and Cabinet.
4. British Parliament–Composition, Powers & Functions.
5. Sovereignty of Parliament convention
6. Rule of Law
7. House of Lord's : Judicial Powers

Unit – II

Constitution of U.S.

1. General Features.
2. The President – Election, Powers & Functions.
3. U.S. Congress – Composition & Functions.
4. U.S. Supreme Court: - Composition & Functions.
5. Judicial Review
6. Comparative study of American President & British Prime Minister
7. U.S. Supreme Court & House of Lords of British

Unit – III

Constitution of Switzerland

1. Salient Features.
2. Swiss Federal Parliament: Composition Powers and Functions.
3. Federal Council: Organization and Functions.
4. Swiss Federal Tribunal: Composition & Organization, Its Jurisdiction.
5. Direct Democracy In Switzerland.

Unit – IV

Constitution of China

1. Salient features
2. The constitution of 1982- Concept of fundamental rights and duties of the citizens
3. The national people's congress (legislature)
4. The president of republic (Executive)
5. Judicial system (Judiciary)

6. The Communist Party of China

- **History of Legislature and Legal Profession in India**

Unit –I

1. Legal Profession in Pre British India – Role, Training and Function.
2. Law practitioners in Mayor's Courts established under the charter of 1726, Adalat System of Warren Hasting.

Unit –II

1. Organization of legal profession under the charter 1774.
2. Legal Profession in Company's Court.

Unit –III

1. Legal Practitioners Act, 1879. Provisions of enrolment of advocates, vakils and attorneys.
2. High Court Act 1861. Provisions of enrolment of an advocate.

Unit –IV

1. The Indian Bar Council Act, 1926
2. The Advocate Act, 1961.

- **Contract –I**

(General Principles of Law of Contracts (Section 1 to Section 75) and Specific Relief)

Unit-I

- 1- Meaning and Nature of Contract
- 2- Agreement and Contract- Definitions, Elements and Kinds – e-contracts
- 3- Proposals and acceptance- Definition, Various forms, Essential elements, Communication, Revocation, Invitation for Proposal- tenders
- 4- Consideration- Definitions, Essentials, Exceptions

Unit-II

- 1- Capacity to enter into a contract
- 2- Free consent- Need and definitions

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V SEMESTER

- 3- Factors validating free consent
 - Coercion
 - Undue influence
 - Fraud
 - Misrepresentation
 - Mistake
- 4- Legality of Objects and Consideration
- 5- Void Agreement

Unit-III

- 1- Discharge of a contract-various modes
- 2- Doctrine of frustration-grounds and effects
- 3- Quasi-contracts and certain relations resembling those created by contracts.

Unit-IV

- 1- Remedies available under the Indian Contract Act, 1972
- 2- Meaning, nature, remoteness etc
- 3- Quantum meruit
- 4- Remedies available under the Specific Relief Act
- 5- Specific Performance of Contract- What contracts can be specifically performed and what not
- 6- Injunctions

• **Law of Torts, Motor Vehicle Act & Consumer Protection**

Unit-I

1. Definition, Nature scope and objection of tort
2. Tort distinguish from crime and breach of concept
3. General defenses Volanti non fit injuria, Act of God, inevitable accident and Statutory Authority

Unit-II

1. Remoteness of damage
2. Vicarious Liability
3. Tort against persons-Assault, Battery, False-Imprisonment, Defamation

Unit-III

1. Negligence
2. Nuisance
3. Malicious Prosecution
4. Absolute Liability

Unit-IV

1. Consumer Protection Act 1986 Definitions
2. Dispute Redressal Agencies
3. Appeals, Limitation Period
4. Motor Vehicle Act, 1988
Compulsory Insurance
Nature and Extent of Insurer's Liability

BHARATIYA NYAYA SANHITA (B N S)**UNIT-I**

- 1- Concept of Crime, Distinction between crime and other wrongs
- 2- Elements of Criminal Liability-Mens rea
- 3- Stages of Crime
- 4- Of Punishments- Provision related to Community Services
- 5- Crime against women and child

UNIT-II

- 1- Common Intention, Abetment, Unlawful Assembly, Criminal Conspiracy, Riot, Affray, Common Object
- 2- Factors negating guilty Intention- Mistake of Fact, Accident, Necessity, Act of Child, Insanity, Intoxication.
- 3- Right of Private Defense of Body and Property

UNIT-III

- 1- Organized crime, Petty Organized crime, Terrorist Act, Acts endangering sovereignty, Unity and Integrity of India
- 2- Hurt, Grievous Hurt, Wrongful Restraint, Wrongful Confinement, Kidnapping, Abduction
- 3- Culpable Homicide, Murder, Exception to Section 101, Mob lynching

UNIT-IV

- 1- Theft, Snatching, Extortion, Robbery, Dacoity
- 2- Criminal Breach of Trust, Criminal Misappropriation
- 3- Defamation

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

VI SEMESTER

Political Science- VI**Unit –I****Constitution of France**

1. General Features.
2. French Executive: Powers and Functions of the President.
3. French Prime Minister and Cabinet.
4. French Parliament: Composition & Functions.
5. Supreme Court of France: Organization, Powers & Functions.

Unit – II**Constitution of Canada**

1. Salient Features
2. Dominion Executive: Governor – General's appointment, Powers and Functions.
3. Canadian Prime Minister & His Cabinet.
4. Dominion Parliament: Organization, Powers & Functions.
5. Privy Council & Supreme Court.

Unit – III**Constitution of Australia**

1. Main Features.
2. Australian Executive: Powers of the Crown and Governor- General.
3. Prime Minister and Federal Executive Council.
4. Federal Parliament: Composition, Powers & Functions.
5. Federal Judiciary: The High Court, Its Organization & Jurisdiction

Unit –IV**Constitution of Japan**

1. General features
2. Fundamental rights
3. Japanese executive
4. The diet
5. The judiciary

Legal Methods & Legal Research**Unit – I****Meaning and Classification of Laws**

1. Meaning, function and significance of law

2. Classification of laws:

- a. Public and Private Law
- b. Substantive and Procedural Law
- c. Municipal and International Law

Unit – II**Sources of Law**

1. Custom
2. Precedent
3. Legislation

Unit – III**Basic Concepts of Indian Legal System**

1. Common Law
2. Constitution as the Basic Law
3. Rule of Law
4. Separation of Powers
5. Judicial system in India

Unit – IV**Legal Writing and Research**

1. Legal materials – Case law
2. Statutes, Reports, Journals, Manuals, Digests etc.
3. Meaning and Importance of legal research
4. Legal writings and citations

Contract-II**Unit-I**

1. Indemnity- Definition, Nature and scope- Right of Indemnity holder, Commencement of the indemnifier's liability.
2. Contract of Guarantee- Definition, Nature, and scope- Difference between contract of indemnity and Guarantee Extent of Liability of guarantor, Right of surety- Discharge of surety.

Unit-II

1. Contract of Bailment- Definition- Kinds, Duties of Bailer and Bailee Right of Bailee, Position of lender of goods .
2. Contract of pledge. Definition- comparison with Bailment, Essentials of pledge, Right

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VI SEMESTER

and duties of pawner and pawnee.

3. Contract of Agency-Definition-Creation of Agency-Kinds of Agents, Ratification, Rights and duties of Agent-Relation of Principal with third parties, Termination of Agency.

Unit-III

1. **Indian Partnership Act-** Definition, Nature and Essentials-Relation of Partner to another partner, Right to duties of partner, relation of partners to third parties, Incoming and outgoing partners dissolution of a firm, Registration of firms.

Unit-IV

Sale of Goods Act-formation of Contract of sale- Definition and Essentials agreements sale and hire per chase, Effect of Goods perishing, conditions and warranties-Transfer of title-performance of the Contract- Right of unpaid seller against goods.

2. The Directive Principles of State Policy
3. Article 253 and environmental legislation
4. fundamental Duties and environment
5. Environmental Protection and Fundamental Rights, right to Wholesome Environment
6. Right to livelihood
7. Right to equality
8. Freedom of Trade vis-à-vis environment
9. Role of Judiciary -PIL

Unit-III

1. Deforestation-causes and effects
2. Role of forests in Himalyan ecosystem
3. Forest Act,1927-Definition of Forest
4. Kinds-Reserved forests, Protected forests, Village Forests and Van Panchayats, Private Forests
5. Forest Offences
6. Forest (Conservation) Act,
7. Definition and scope of forests
8. Non forest purpose
9. Wildlife (Protection) Act
10. Definition-animal, animal article, hunting, National park, sanctuary, wild animal ,wild life.
11. Authorities- Director Wildlife, Chief Wild Life Warden, Wild Life Advisory Board
12. Hunting of Wild animals
13. Sanctuaries, National Parks and closed Areas
14. Central Zoo Authority and Recognition of zoos
15. Trade or Commerce in Wild Animals
16. Animal Articles and Trophies
17. Environmental (Protection) Act
18. Objects
19. Definitions
20. General powers of Central government
21. rule making power
22. Prevention, control and abatement of environmental pollution
23. Penalties and offences by the companies and government department

Environmental Law**Unit-I**

1. Concept of Environment
2. Ecosystem
3. Biosphere
4. Factors responsible for degradation of environment
5. Population explosion
6. Industrial development
7. Urbanization
8. excess use of technology
9. energy
10. Unplanned development
11. agricultural development
12. Major, environmental hazards
13. Climate change
14. Green house effect, depletion of ozone layer

Unit-II

1. Constitutional provision and environment
42nd Amendment Act

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VI SEMESTER

Unit-IV

1. UN Conference on Human Environment, 1972 (The Stockholm Conference)
2. Declaration
3. UN Conference on Environment and Development, 1992 (The Earth Summit)
4. Rio-declaration
5. Agenda -21

Public International Law**Unit- I**

1. Definition and concept of international Law
2. Sources of International Law
3. Relationship between International Law & Municipal law subject of international Law

Unit-II

1. Treaties
2. Definition and theories of recognition
3. Settlement of international disputes

Unit-III

1. Extradition
2. Asylum
3. Genocide

Unit-IV

1. International Organization-
2. United Nations
3. General Assembly
4. Security Council
5. International Court of justice

VII SEMESTER

Jurisprudence**Unit-I**

1. The need to study legal theory
2. The relationship of legal theory to the development of just society
3. Use of terms: Legal theory, Jurisprudence, Concept of Law, the need to understand the differences between theory and concept etc.

Unit-II

1. Administration of Justice-Administration of Criminal Justice and Theories of Punishment
2. An introductory study of Analytical, Historical, sociological, Realist and Natural Law School, Pure Theory of Law

Unit-III

1. Sources of Law-Custom, Precedent and Legislation
2. Legal Personality

Unit-IV

1. Rights and Duties
2. Ownership and Possession
3. Liability

• Administrative Law**Unit-1**

1. Meaning and scope of administrative law
2. Development and history of administrative Law
3. Rule of Law
4. Separation of power

Unit-2

1. Delegated legislation- Need and development, power of legislature to delegate, Control of delegated legislation
2. Methods of judicial control of administrative functions extraordinary remedies, equitable remedies, statutory appeals.

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VII SEMESTER

3. Meaning and principals of natural justice.

Unit-3

1. Administrative Discretion
2. Statutory inquires including those under the commissions of inquiry Act.1952
3. Special Tribunals growth and importance including the tribunals established under the administrative tribunals Act. 1985. Role of administrative tribunals and their future.

Unit-4

1. Governmental liability in contract and torts.
2. Public Corporations.
3. Redressal of citizens grievances- Central Vigilance Commission and the Institutions of Lokpal and Lokayukta.

• Property Law (Transfer of Property Act & Easement Act)

Unit – I

1. Definitions: Immovable Property, Things Attached to Earth, Transfer of Property, Notice, Attested, Actionable Claim; Property which can and cannot be transferred; Capacity to transfer
2. Restricted transfers & Conditional transfers – Sections 10,11 & 40,12,17,18 & Section 25
3. Transfer for the benefit of Unborn Person; Rule against Perpetuity
4. Vested and Contingent Interest

Unit-II

5. Doctrine of Election
6. Transfer by Qualified Owners: Sections 38, 41, 43;
7. Lis Pendens & Part Performance
8. Sale of Immovable property

Unit-III

9. Mortgage – Definition, Kinds, Rights & Liabilities of Mortgagor and Mortgagee, Charge
10. Gift

Unit-IV

11. Lease under T. P. Act -Definition, How made, Rights and Liabilities of Lessor and Lessee
12. Easement Act, 1882:
 - i. Easement: Nature , Definition & Kinds
 - ii. Creation of Easement
 - iii. License – Nature, definition & its distinction from Lease

• Company Law

Unit-I

1. Company Law-Definition Nature and Kinds of a Company, Distinction Between Partnership firm and Company
2. Advantages and disadvantages incorporation
3. Formation of a Company-Registration and Incorporation.
4. Memorandum of Association-Varioues Clauses, Alteration therein, Doctrine of ultra vires
5. Articles of association, binding force, alternation-doctrine of Indoor management.

Unit-II

1. Prospectus: Issue, Contents- liability of mis-statement remedies for misrepresentation criminal liability.
2. Promoters- Position, duties and liability.
3. Shares- General principle of shares, Definition, allotment, statutory restriction & Transfer of shares- Procedure, practice and Government and SEBI guidelines.
4. Debentures- Definition, Kinds, Fixed and Floating charges, Remedies of debenture

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VII SEMESTER

holders and shareholders.

5. General Meetings of share holders. Kinds and procedure, voting

Unit-III

1. Management of company- concept of corporate governance.
2. Directors and other managerial persons- Position, Qualification, Disqualification. Appointment and Removed, Powers, Duties, Remuneration and liability.
3. Meetings of a company.
4. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) (S.135)

Unit-IV

1. Protection of minority Right-Rule in Fox V. Harbottle: prevention of oppression and mismanagement Company law board and powers.
2. Winding up of company-Meaning and types of winding up-grounds of winding up by tribunal.
3. Appointment, Powers and duties of liquidator, contributories, contemporary issues in company law.
4. E- Governance. E filling.

Practical Training : Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bar-Bench Relations

Unit-I

- 1- Bar against soliciting work
- 2- Under cutting: An unethical practice
- 3- Brief –Stealing
- 4- Lawyers not to advertise
- 5- Not to use touting
- 6- Fee structure- Black money and high fees
- 7- Accountability to the client
- 8- Self regulation/Legal regulation.
- 9- Collusion with opposite party

Unit-II

1. Professional Misconduct and Control
2. Advocates Act
3. Faction of the Bar Council
4. Disciplinary Committees- Tribunals
5. Appeals to the Supreme Court
6. Contempt Proceedings against Lawyers

Unit-III

- 1- Types and Classes of Lawyers
- 2- Advocate on Record : Advocate on roll
- 3- Touts (Para Professional)
- 4- Bare Foot Lawyers
- 6- Senior- Junior Relationship

Unit-IV

- I- Social profile of the legal profession
 1. Professional opportunities- upward mobility
 2. How far have underprivileged groups such as SC/ST advanced in the profession
 3. Lawyers in Court
 4. How to address the Court
- II- Attitude towards opponent counsel

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VIII SEMESTER

Civil Procedure Code

Unit-I

1. Nature of Civil suit
2. Courts and their jurisdiction
3. Essentials of a suit
4. Res judicata
5. Place of Suing

Unit-II

- 1- Parties and cause of action
- 2- First steps in suit-Institution of suit, summons to defendant, written statements
- 3- Documents and Witnesses
- 4- Hearing and Disposal

Unit-III

- 1- Execution of Degree
- 2- Appeals
- 3- Reference, Review and Revision

Unit-IV

- 1- Period of Limitation for suits, appeals and application
- 2- Computation of period of limitation
- 3- Acknowledgment as a ground
- 4- Acquisition of ownership by possession

BHARTIYA NAGARIK SURAKSHA SANHITA (BNSS)

Unit-I

- 1- Definitions- Audio-video electronic means, Bail, Bail-Bond, Bond, Electronic Communication, Cognizable Offence, Non-Cognizable Offence, Bailable Offence, Non-Bailable Offence, Warrant Cases and Summons Cases, Compliant, charge, Police Station,
- 2- Constitution of Criminal Courts and their jurisdiction and powers
- 3- Arrest of persons and rights of arrested persons

Unit-II

- 1- Information to the police and their powers to investigate, Forensic aid in investigation
- 2- Cognizance of offences by the Magistrate and Court of Sessions
- 3- Complaints to Magistrates and commencement of proceedings before Magistrate

Unit-III

- 1- Security for Keeping the Peace and for Good Behavior Maintenance of Public Order and tranquility
- 2- Preventive actions of the Police.
- 3- The Charges
- 4- Order of Maintenance of Wives, Children and Parents (Section 144)

Unit-IV

- 1- Trials of Cases- Session Trial, Warrant Trial, Summon Trial and Summary Trial
- 2- Provisions of Bail and Bonds
- 3- Appeals, Reference and Revision.

BHARTIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYAM (B S A)

Unit-I

- 1- General concept of Evidence
- 2- Section 2- Definition (Fact, relevant fact, evidence, oral and documentary, presumption, proving and disproving)
- 3- Relevance of facts (Sec. 3 to 9)

Unit-II

- 1- Admission, Definition, Reason for admissibly of admission from of admission by party to proceeding Admission in civil cases (Section 15 to 21)
- 2- Confession, definition, Confession caused by threat, Inducement, Confession to police officer, Confession by accused while in police custody (Section 22 to 24)

Unit-III

- 1- Dying declaration, requirement of section 26 i.e. dying declaration in English law, need for corroboration of dying declaration.

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VIII SEMESTER

- 2- Who is an expert, expert opinion, value of expert opinion
- 3- Oral and documentary evidence, (Section 54 to 63)

Unit-IV

- 1- Burden of Proof, on whom burden of proof lies, Burden of proof as to fact, Burden of proving fact especially within knowledge, Reverse Burden of Proof and Presumptions (Section 104-120)
- 2- Estoppel (Sections 121-123)
- 3- Examination of witnesses, Cross Examination and Re-examination (Sections 140-168)

Alternative Dispute Resolution

This paper may have three components viz. Theory, Practical and viva.

The theory paper will of 60 marks and the practical and viva will be of 30 marks and 10 marks respectively. Three practical's of 10 marks each shall be conducted by the department. It be evaluated for 5 marks for written submissions and 5 marks for oral (advocacy)

A- Theory Paper

1. Arbitration: aim and object, Nature and scope
2. Arbitration agreement
3. Power to refer parties to arbitration
4. Interim Measures
5. Composition of Arbitral Tribunal
6. Jurisdiction of Arbitral Proceedings
7. Conduct of Arbitral Proceeding
8. Making of Arbitral Award
9. Recourse against arbitral Award
10. Conciliation, Nature, Scope and Settlement
11. Negotia

B- Practical Exercise

These practical shall be conducted through simulation and casestudies in the following areas ADR

1. Negotiation skills to be learned with simulated programme
2. Conciliation skills
3. Arbitration Law and Practice including International arbitration and arbitrate rules

Law relating to Crime Against Women

UNIT I

Concepts and Definitions

- 1- Sexual offences against women
- 2- Rape
- 3- Molestation
- 4- Eve-teasing
- 5- Prostitution

UNIT-II

- 1- Prevention of Immoral Traffic Act 1986
- 2- Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961: Including dowry related provisions under the Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023
- 3- Domestic Violence Act, 2005

UNIT-III

- 1- Guidelines by Supreme Court in Vishakha's Case
- 2- The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

UNIT-IV

- 1- Role of National Commission for Women
- 2- Termination of Medical Pregnancy Act, 1971
- 3- Pre-conception and Pre- natal Diagnostic Techniques Act, 1994
- 4- Role of NGO.

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IX SEMESTER

Labour Law**Unit-I**

Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 - Historical Development, object and reasons, Definition, Authorities under Industrial Dispute Act, 1947, Reference of dispute to board and tribunals, strike and lockout, lay-off and retrenchment.

Unit-II

Workmen Compensation Act-1923, -workmen compensation laws in India, scope and application, Definition of certain important terms, employer liability for compensation, Amount of compensation distribution of compensation, employer compensation commissioners, Power of commissioner's.

Unit-III

Employees, state Insurance Act 1948 - Historical background object and application, important definitions, employment injury, Benefits available under the Act, Maternity Benefits, Medical Benefits, Constitution of employers Insurance Court, Powers of employees Insurance Court, Reference to High Court, appeals.

Unit-IV

Trade Union Act 1926 - History of trade Union Movement, Registration of Trade Union, rights and liabilities, of registered trade Union, funds of trade union

Minimum wages Act-1948 - Aims and object of minimum wages Act

Fixing of minimum rates of wages, minimum wage, fair wage and living wage.

3- Kuza and L.R. Act, 1960 (Salient Features)

Unit-II

1- Acquisition of interest of Intermediteries and its consequences.

2- Gaon Sabha and Land Management Committee, Gram Panchayat their constitution, Power and Functions.

3- Gaon Fund, Consolidated Gaon Fund, Panel Lawyers.
tion' Lok Adalats

Unit-III

1- Classes of Land Tenure Holders and their Rights

2- Ejectment- Ejectment from land of Public Utility

3- Ejectment of Trespassers.

4- Allotment of Land and Declaratory Suit

5- Collection of Land Revenue, Recovery of Arrears, Procedure for recovery of arrears, settlement.

Unit-IV

1- Mutation Proceedings

2- Boundary Marks and Boundary Disputes

3- Procedure of Revenue Courts and Powers of Revenue Officers

4- Appeal, Reference, Revision and Review.

Intellectual Property Right Law**Unit-I**

1- Introduction: Basic concept of IPR ;Nature, Commercial Exploitation IP; Enforcement of Right and Remedies against Infringement, International Charter of IP.

2- Patents : Introduction

3- Obtaining of Patent

4- Specification

Unit-II

1- Right and Obligation of the Patens and Transfer of Patent Rights

Land Laws**Unit-I**

1- Aim and Object of the Zamindari Abolition and Land Reform Act

2- Definition

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IX SEMESTER

- 2- Infringement of Patents and Remedies
- 3- Industrial Designs
- 4- Rights conferred by designs-Infringement of copyright in design

Unit-III

- 1- Remedies against Infringement
- 2- Trade Marks
- 3- Property in Trade mark and Registration of Trade Marks
- 4- Infringement and Remedies
- 5- Copyright

Unit-IV

- 1- Introduction : Scope, nature subject matter of copyright
- 2- Authors and Ownership of Copyright
- 3- Rights conferred by copyrights
- 4- Infringement of copyright
- 5- Geographical Indications
- 6- Biological Diversity Act, 2007-Salient features

Practical Training: Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing

- (1) Theory paper (Maximum Marks-60)
 - (2) Internal Assessment (Maximum Marks-30)
 - (3) Viva-Voce Examination (Maximum Marks-10)
- Theory Paper

Part-A

Pleadings-

1. General object and function of pleadings.
2. Rules of pleading.
3. Particulars of pleading.
4. Alternative and Inconsistent statement pleading.
5. Essential requisite of plaint and written statement.

Part-B Conveyancing- Drafting of the Following-

Civil-

1. Plaint
2. Written statement
3. Intericutory Application
4. Original Petition
5. Affidavit
6. Execution petition
7. Memorandum of Appeal and revision
8. Petition under art 226 and 32 of the constitution.

Criminal

1. Complaints
2. Criminal Misc. Petition
3. Bail Application
4. Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.

Part C

Drafting of the following- (a) Sale Deed (2) Mortgage Deed (3) Lease Deed (4) Gift Deed (5) Promissory Note (6) Power of Attorney (7) Will Internal Assessment- The student shall be required to draft I exercises each from part B and part-C as and when assigned by the Head of the department of Law VIVA-VOCE Examination-To test the understanding of legal practice in relation to drafting, pleading and conveyancing.

X SEMESTER

Principles of Taxation Laws

Unit-I

- 1- Definitions-Agricultural Income, Assessee, dividend, Income, Person, Charitable Purpose, Assessment Year, Previous year
- 2- Income which does not form part of total Income

Unit-II

- 1- Heads of Income-Salaries, Income from House Property, Profit and Gains from Business and Professions, Capital gains, Income from other sources, Income from other persons to be included in assessee's total income

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.**X SEMESTER****Unit- III**

- 1- Double Taxation Relief
- 2- Income Tax Authorities - Their constitution, powers and functions
- 3- Procedure of Assessment- Regular Assessment of escaped income
- 4- Assessment of Firms, Self-Assessment and Best Judgment Assessment

Unit-IV

- 1- Deduction of Tax at source, Advance payment of tax
- 2- Appeal, Revision and Reference
- 3- Penalties and Prosecutions

Labour Law-II (Social Security & Social Welfare Legislation)**Unit-I Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986**

- 1- Object
- 2- Definition
- 3- Prohibition of employment of children in certain occupation
- 4- Regulations of conditions of work of children
- 5- Penalties

Unit-II Contract Labour (Regulation & Abolition) Act, 1970

- 1- Object
- 3- Registration of establishment employing contract labour
- 4- Licensing of contractors
- 5- Welfare and health of contract labour
- 6- Penalties and Procedure

Unit-III Equal Remuneration Act, 1976

- 1- Object
- 2- Definition- Appropriate Government, man and woman, remuneration, same work or work of similar nature
- 3- Payment of remuneration

- 4- Advisory Committee

- 5- Penalties

- 6- 2-Maternity Benefit Act, 1961

- 7- Object

- 8- Definition- Employer, miscarriage, wages, establishment, woman

- 9- prohibited work during certain period to a women

- 10- Maternity benefits in various circumstances and procedure to claim such benefits

- 11- Appointment, Powers and Duties of Inspectors

- 12- Penalties

Unit-IV**Factories Act, 1948**

- 1- Preliminary

- 2- The inspecting Staff

- 3- Health, Safety and Welfare provisions

- 4- Working hours

- 5- Employment of young persons

- 6- Annual leave with wages

- 7- Penalties

Interpretation of Statutes**Unit-I**

- 1- Basic Principles of Interpretation

- 2- Statutes

- 3- Parts of Statutes

- 4- Kinds of Statutes

- 5- Intention of Legislature

- 6- Meaning of Construction and Interpretation

- 7- Purpose of interpretation

- 8- Guiding rules of interpretation

- 9- Literal rule, golden rule and mischief rule (Rule in Haeydon's case)

Unit-II

- 1- Rules relating to meaning of general words

- 2- Noscitur a sociis

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

X SEMESTER

- 3- Ejesdem generis
- 4- Reddendo singular singulis
- 5- Internal Aids of Construction

Unit-III

- 1- Extrinsic Aids of Construction
- 2- Historical Development
- 3- Statutes in peri-materia
- 4- Effect of usage and practice
- 5- Stare-decisis
- 6- Modification of words to suit intention of legislature-Mandatory and Directory Provisions

Unit-IV

- 1- Construction of Penal and Beneficial statutes
- 2- Distinction between penal and remedial statutes
- 3- Liberal Construction of remedial statutes
- 4- Mens-rea in statutory offences
- 5- Construction of taxing statutes

Human Rights: Law and Practice**Unit-I**

- 1- Concept of Human Rights
- 2- Origin and Development of Human Right
- 3- Universal Declaration of Human Rights

Unit-II

- 1- International Covenants of Human Rights, International Covenants of Civil and Political Rights, International Covenants of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.
- 2- International Covenants on Inhuman Acts- Genocide, Apartheids, Torture, Slavery, Slave Trade, Forced and Compulsory labour, Traffic in Persons and Prostitution, Women Racial Discrimination.
- 3- Vulnerable groups and Human Rights, Women, Children and Migrant workers, Refugees, Older Persons, Disabled person, Indigenous People

Unit-III

- 1- International Conferences on Human Rights
- 2- International Humanitarian Laws
- 3- Human Rights and Terrorism

Unit-IV-

- 1- Internal Covenants and the Indian Constitution
- 2- Human Rights Commission in India : Human Rights Act, 1993

Moot Court, Pre-Trial Preparations and Internship (Practical paper)

Part- A Moot Court : Every student will do at least three moot courts with 10 marks each

The moot court work will be on assigned problems and it will be evaluated for 5 marks for written submission and 5 marks for oral advocacy.

Part B Observance of Court Proceedings :

Every student will attend the court proceedings at least for 20 working days. The student shall be required to visit the court in the prescribed Uniform. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different day in the Court assignment. This scheme will carry 30 marks.

Part-C Pre-trial Preparations : Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the lawyer's office/Legal Aid Office and record the proceeding in a diary which will carry 15 marks. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filing the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary which will carry 15 marks.

Part D Viva-Voce Examination: This paper will on all the above three aspects. This will carry 10 marks.

SUBJECTS

LL.B. SUBJECTS

LL.B. I Semester

1. Contract –I
2. Law of Torts, Motor Vehicle & Consumer Protection Law
3. Constitutional Law-I
4. Family Law-I (Hindu Law)
5. Criminal Law (Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita)

LL.B II Sem

1. Contract II
2. Family Law –II (Muslim law)
3. Constitutional Law -II
4. Public International Law
5. Environmental Law

LL.B III Semester

1. Jurisprudence
2. Administrative Law
3. Property Law (Transfer Of Property Act & Easement Act)
4. Company Law
5. Practical Training : Professional Ethics, Accountancy For Lawyers And Bar-Bench Relations

LL.B. IV Semester

1. Civil Procedure Code
2. Bhartiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita
3. Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam
4. Law relating to Crime Against Women
5. Practical Paper : Alternative Dispute Resolution

LL.B. V Semester

1. Labour and Industrial Laws
2. Land Laws (U.P. Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act; UP Urban Land Ceiling Act)
3. Insurance Law
4. Intellectual Property Rights
5. Practical Paper: Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing

LL.B. VI Semester

1. Principles of Taxation Law
2. Social Security and Social Welfare Laws
3. Interpretation of Statutes
4. Human Rights: Law and Practices
5. Practical: Moot Court, Pre-Trial and Internship

SYLLABUS B.A.LL.B.

I SEMESTER

English – I

Unit-I

1. Correct Use of Article
2. Questions tags and short responses
3. Homonyms

Unit-II

1. Prepositions (simple)
2. One word substitutions

Unit-III

- Legal Terms
- ab initio
- ad valorem
- casus belli
- de facto
- de jure

- Actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea
- Bona fides
- non patitur ut bis idem exigatur
- Caveat emptor
- qui ignorare non debuit quod jus ahenum emit
- Damnus sine injuria, esse potest
- Extra territorium jus dicenti impune non paretur

Unit-IV

1. Antonyms, Synonyms
2. Paragraph Writing (50-100 words)

SYLLABUS LL.B.

IST SEMESTER

Contract –I

(General Principles of Law of Contracts (Section 1 to Section 75) and Specific Relief Act)

Unit-I

Meaning and Nature of Contract
 Agreement and Contract- Definitions, Elements and Kinds – e-contracts
 Proposals and acceptance- Definition, Various forms, Essential elements, Communication, Revocation, Invitation for Proposal- tenders
 Consideration- Definitions, Essentials, Exceptions

Unit-II

Capacity to enter into a contract
 Free consent- Need and definitions
 Factors validating free consent
 Coercion

1. Undue influence
2. Fraud
3. Mistake
4. Legality of Objects and Consideration
5. Void Agreement

Unit-III

Discharge of a contract-various modes
 Doctrine of frustration-grounds and effects
 Quasi-contracts and certain relations resembling those created by contracts.

Unit-IV

Remedies available under the Indian Contract Act, 1972
 Meaning, nature, remoteness etc
 Quantum meruit
 Remedies available under the Specific Relief Act
 Specific Performance of Contract- What contracts can be specifically performed and what not
 Injunctions

Law of Torts, Motor Vehicle Act & Consumer Protection

Unit-I

Definition, Nature scope and objection of tort
 Tort distinguish from crime and breach of contract
 General defenses Volenti non fit injuria, Act of God, inevitable accident and Statutory Authority

Unit-2

Remoteness of damage
 Vicarious Liability
 Tort against persons-Assault, Battery, False-Imprisonment, Defamation

Unit-III

Negligence
 Nuisance
 Malicious Prosecution
 Absolute Liability

Unit-IV

Consumer Protection Act 1986 Definitions
 Dispute Redressal Agencies
 Appeals, Limitation Period
 Motor Vehicle Act, 1988
 Compulsory Insurance
 Nature and Extent of Insurer's Liability

Constitutional Law-I

Unit-I

Salient Feature of Indian Constitution
 Nature of the Indian Constitution
 Preamble of Indian Constitution

Unit-II

Fundamental Rights: Article 12 to Article 21 A

Unit-III

Fundamental Rights : Article 22 to Article 32
 Directive Principles of State Policy
 Fundamental Duties

Unit-IV

Executive – Union and State
 Legislature- Union- and State

Family Law-I (Hindu Law)

Unit –I

1. Sources of Hindu Law and their application
2. 'Marriage' under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955: Concept, Nature and Essentials of a Valid Hindu Marriage
3. Matrimonial Remedies under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955: Nature, Grounds & Consequences of—
 Nullity of Marriage
 Restitution of Conjugal Rights
 Judicial Separation
 Divorce

Unit-II

4. Maintenance:
 - i. Under the "Hindu Marriage Act, 1955": Sec. 24 & 25 ; and
 - ii. Under the "Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956": Alimony and Maintenance to Hindu Wife
5. Adoption:
 - i. Under the "Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956": Essential Conditions & Legal Consequences
 Impact of "adoption" provisions of Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000 on personal law of Hindus on Adoption

Unit-III

6. Hindu Joint Family & Coparcenary under Mitakshara School
7. Coparcenary Property and Position of Karta under Mitakshara School
8. Partition

Unit-IV

9. Hindu Succession Act, 1956:

Characteristic features of Hindu Succession; Succession to property of Hindu Male and Hindu Female

Disqualification relating to Hindu Succession

Hindu female's absolute right to property under Section 14

BHARATIYA NYAYA SANHITA (B N S)**UNIT-I**

- 1- Concept of Crime, Distinction between crime and other wrongs
- 2- Elements of Criminal Liability-Mens rea
- 3- Stages of Crime
- 4- Of Punishments- Provision related to Community Services
- 5- Crime against women and child

UNIT-II

- 1- Common Intention, Abetment, Unlawful Assembly, Criminal Conspiracy, Riot, Affray, Common Object
- 2- Factors negating guiltily Intention- Mistake of Fact, Accident, Necessity, Act of Child, Insanity, Intoxication.

- 3- Right of Private Defense of Body and Property

UNIT-III

- 1- Organized crime, Petty Organized crime, Terrorist Act, Acts endangering sovereignty, Unity and Integrity of India
- 2- Hurt, Grievous Hurt, Wrongful Restraint, Wrongful Confinement, Kidnapping, Abduction
- 3- Culpable Homicide, Murder, Exception to Section 101, Mob lynching

UNIT-IV

- 1- Theft, Snatching, Extortion, Robbery, Dacoity
- 2- Criminal Breach of Trust, Criminal Misappropriation
- 3- Defamation

II SEM**Contract II****Unit-I**

- Indemnity- Definition, Nature and scope-
- Right of Indemnity holder, Commencement of the indemnifier's liability.
- Contract of Guarantee- Definition, Nature, and scope- Difference between contract of indemnity and Guarantee Extent of Liability of guarantor, Right of surety- Discharge of surety.

Unit-II

Contract of Bailment- Definition- Kinds, Duties of Bailer and Bailee Right of Bailee, Position of lender of goods .

Contract of pledge. Definition- comparison with Bailment, Essentials of pledge, Right and duties of pawner and pawnee.

Contract of Agency-Definition-Creation of Agency- Kinds of Agents, Ratification, Rights and duties of Agent-Relation of Principal with third parties, Termination of Agency.

Unit-III

1. Indian Partnership Act- Definition, Nature and Essentials-Relation of Partner to another partner, Right to duties of partner, relation of partners to third parties, Incoming and outgoing partners dissolution of a firm, Registration of firms.

Unit-IV

Sale of goods act-formation of Contract of sale- Definition and Essentials agreements sale and hire

per chase, Effect of Goods perishing, conditions and warranties-Transfer of title-performance of the Contract- Right of unpaid seller against goods.

Family Law –II (Muslim Law)

Unit-I

Sources of Muslim law- Primary Sources
Secondary Sources
Schools of Muslim law- Sunni School
Hanafi School
Saufi School, Hanbali School
SNA School- Athama ashauya, Ismaliya and Zamiya
Concept and nature of marriage, essentials of marriage, kind of marriage ,valid marriage, irregular marriage, void marriage, polygamy, option of puberty, and restitution of conjugal right.

Unit-II

Concept and nature of dower, kinds of dower, Amount of Dower, widow's right of Retention
Divorce- Concept and nature of divorce kind of divorce- Talaq-ul-sunnat, Talaq-ul-biddat, khula, mubarat, Ila, Zihar and delegate Divorce
Grounds of divorce and Muslim marriage Act, 1939.

Unit-III

Maintenance- concept and nature of maintenance- Maintenance of wife, children, parents and other relatives, Maintenance of divorce and maintenance of divorce under Muslim women(Protection right to divorce)Act 1986
Waqf- concept and nature, Administration of waqf
Gift- concept and nature, essential of gift, revocation of gift

Unit-IV

Will- concept and nature of will, extent of limit of will.
Parentage and legitimacy
Securing of uniform civil code.
Inheritance, what is heritable property, Applicably of certain rules, Who are entitled to inherit.

Constitutional Law -II

Unit-I

Judiciary- Supreme Court and High Court “ Constitution and Jurisdiction
Power of Judicial Review; Independence of Judiciary

Unit-II

Centre- State Relations : Legislative, Administrative and Financial
Emergency Provisions

Unit-III

Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse
Services under the Union and States

Unit-IV

Amendment of the Constitution
Tortuous Liability of the State

Public International Law

Unit- I

Definition and concept of international Law
Sources of International Law
Relationship between International Law & Municipal law subject of international Law

Unit-II

Treaties
Definition and theories of recognition
Settlement of international disputes

Unit-III

Extradition
2. Asylum
3. Genocide

Unit-IV

International Organization-
2. United Nations
3. General Assembly
4. Security Council
5. International Court of justice

Environmental Law

Unit-I

- Concept of Environment
- Ecosystem
- Biosphere
- Factors responsible for degradation of environment
- Population explosion
- Industrial development
- Urbanization
- excess use of technology and energy
- Unplanned development
- Agricultural developmenta
- Major, environmental hazards

- Climate change
- Green house effect, depletion of ozone layer

Unit-II

- Constitutional provision and environment 42nd Amendment Act
- The Directive Principles of State Policy
- Article 253 and environmental legislation /fundamental Duties and environment
- Environmental Protection and Fundamental Rights
- Right to Wholesome Environment
- Right to livelihood
- Right to equality
- Freedom of Trade vis-à-vis environment
- Role of Judiciary –PIL

Unit-III

- Deforestation-causes and effects
- Role of forests in Himalyan ecosystem
- Forest Act,1927-Definition of Forest
- Kinds-Reserved forests, Protected forests, Village Forests and Van Panchayats, Private Forests
- Forest Offences

Forest (Conservation) Act,
 Definition and scope of forests
 Non forest purpose

Wildlife (Protection) Act

Definition-animal, animal article, hunting, National park, sanctuary, wild animal ,wild life. Authorities- Director Wildlife, Chief Wild Life Warden,

Wild Life Advisory Board

Hunting of Wild animals
 Sanctuaries, National Parks and closed Areas
 Central Zoo Authority and Recognition of zoos
 Trade or Commerce in Wild Animals
 Animal Articles and Trophies

Environmental (Protection) Act

Objects
 Definitions
 General powers of Central government
 rule making power
 Prevention, control and abatement of environmental pollution

Penalties and offences by the companies and government department

Unit-IV

UN Conference on Human Environment,1972 (The Stockholm Conference)
 Declaration
 UN Conference on Environment and Development, 1992 (The Earth Summit)
 Rio-declaration
 Agenda -21

III RD SEMESTER

Jurisprudence

Unit-I

The need to study legal theory
 The relationship of legal theory to the development of just society
 Use of terms: Legal theory, Jurisprudence, Concept of Law, the need to understand the differences between theory and concept etc.

Unit-II

Administration of Justice-Administration of Criminal Justice and Theories of Punishment
 An introductory study of Analytical, Historical, sociological ,Realist and Natural Law School, Pure Theory of Law

Unit-III

Sources of Law-Custom, Precedent and Legislation
 Legal Personality

Unit-IV

Rights and Duties
 Ownership and Possession
 Liability

Administrative Law

Unit-I

Meaning and scope of administrative law
 Development and history of administrative Law
 Rule of Law
 Separation of power

Unit-2

Delegated legislation- Need and development, power of legislature to delegate, Control of

delegated legislation
 Methods of judicial control of administrative functions extraordinary remedies, equitable remedies, statutory appeals.
 Meaning and principals of natural justice.

Unit-3

Administrative Discretion
 Statutory inquires including those under the commissions of inquiry Act.1952
 Special Tribunals growth and importance including the tribunals established under the administrative tribunals Act. 1985. Role of administrative tribunals and their future.

Unit-4

Governmental liability in contract and torts.
 Public Corporations.
 Redressal of citizens grievances- Central Vigilance Commission and the Institutions of Lokpal and Lokayukta.

Property Law (Transfer of Property Act & Easement Act)

Unit – I

Definitions: Immovable Property, Things Attached to Earth, Transfer of Property, Notice, Attested, Actionable Claim; Property which can and cannot be transferred; Capacity to transfer
 Restricted transfers & Conditional transfers – Sections 10,11 & 40,12,17,18 & Section 25
 Transfer for the benefit of Unborn Person; Rule against Perpetuity
 Vested and Contingent Interest

Unit-II

Doctrine of Election
 Transfer by Qualified Owners: Sections 38, 41, 43;
 Lis Pendens & Part Performance
 Sale of Immovable property

Unit-III

Mortgage – Definition, Kinds, Rights & Liabilities of Mortgagor and Mortgagee, Charge
 Gift

Unit-IV

Lease under T. P. Act -Definition, How made, Rights and Liabilities of Lessor and Lessee
 Easement Act, 1882:

Easement: Nature , Definition & Kinds
 Creation of Easement
 License – Nature, definition & its distinction from Lease

Company Law

Unit-I

Company Law-Definition Nature and Kinds of a Company, Distinction Between Partnership firm and Company
 Advantages and disadvantages incorporation

Formation of a Company-Registration and Incorporation.
 Memorandum of Association-Variou s Clauses, Alteration therein, Doctrine of ultra virus .
 Articles of association, binding force, alternation-doctrine of Indoor management.

Unit-II

Prospectus: Issue, Contents- liability of mis-statement Remedies for misrepresentation criminal liability.
 Promoters- Position, duties and liability.
 Shares- General principle of shares, Definition, allotment, statutory restriction & Transfer of shares- Procedure, practice and Government and SEBI guidelines.
 Debentures- Definition, Kinds, Fixed and Floating charges, Remedies of debenture holders and shareholders.
 General Meetings of share holders. Kinds and procedure, voting

Unit-III

Management of company- concept of corporate Governance.
 Directors and other managerial persons- Position, Qualification, Disqualification. Appointment and Removed, Powers, Duties, Remuneration and liability.
 Meetings of a company.
 Corporate social responsibly (S.135)

Unit-IV

Protection of minority Right-Rule in Fox V. Harbottle: prevention of oppression and mismanagement Company law board and powers.
 Winding up of company-Meaning and types of winding up-grounds of winding up by tribunal.

Appointment, Powers and duties of liquidator, contributories, contemporary issues in company law.

E- Governance. E filling.

Practical Training : Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bar-Bench Relations

Unit-I

Bar against soliciting work
 Bar against soliciting work
 Under cutting: An unethical practice
 Brief –Stealing
 Lawyers not to advertise
 Not to use touting
 Fee structure- Black money and high fees
 Accountability to the client
 Self regulation/Legal regulation.
 Collusion with opposite party

Unit-II

Professional Misconduct and Control
 Advocates Act
 Faction of the Bar Council
 Disciplinary Committees- Tribunals
 Appeals to the Supreme Court
 Contempt Proceedings against Lawyers

Unit-III

Types and Classes of Lawyers
 Advocate on Record : Advocate on roll
 Touts (Para Professional)
 Bare Foot Lawyers
 Senior- Junior Relationship

Unit-IV

Social Profile of the Legal Profession
 Professional Opportunities- Upward mobility
 How far have Underprivileged groups such as SC/ST advanced in the profession
 Lawyers in Court
 How to address the Court
 Attitude towards opponent counsel

IVTH SEMESTER Civil Procedure Code

Unit-I

Nature of Civil suit
 Courts and their jurisdiction
 Essentials of a suit
 Res judicata
 Place of Suing

Unit-II

Parties and cause of action
 First steps in suit-Institution of suit, summons to defendant, written statements
 Documents and Witnesses
 Hearing and Disposal

Unit-III

Execution of Decree
 Appeals
 Reference, Review and Revision

Unit-IV

Period of Limitation for suits, appeals and application
 Computation of period of limitation
 Acknowledgement as a ground
 Acquisition of ownership by possession

BHARTIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYAM (B S A)

Unit-I

- 1- General concept of Evidence
- 2- Section 2- Definition (Fact, relevant fact, evidence, oral and documentary, presumption, proving and disproving)
- 3- Relevance of facts (Sec. 3 to 9)

Unit-II

- 1- Admission, Definition, Reason for admissibility of admission from of admission by party to proceeding Admission in civil cases (Section 15 to 21)
- 2- Confession, definition, Confession caused by threat, Inducement, Confession to police officer, Confession by accused while in police custody (Section 22 to 24)

Unit-III

- 1- Dying declaration, requirement of section 26 i.e. dying declaration in English law, need for corroboration of dying declaration.
- 2- Who is an expert, expert opinion, value of expert opinion
- 3- Oral and documentary evidence, (Section 54 to 63)

Unit-IV

- 1- Burden of Proof, on whom burden of proof lies, Burden of proof as to fact, Burden of proving fact especially within knowledge, Reverse Burden of Proof and Presumptions (Section 104-120)
- 2- Estoppel (Sections 121-123)
- 3- Examination of witnesses, Cross Examination and Re-examination (Sections 140-168)

- 4- Eve-teasing
- 5- Prostitution

UNIT-II

- 1- Prevention of Immoral Traffic Act 1986
- 2- Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961: Including dowry related provisions under the Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023
- 3- Domestic Violence Act, 2005

UNIT-III

- 1- Guidelines by Supreme Court in Vishakha's Case
- 2- The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

UNIT-IV

- 1- Role of National Commission for Women
- 2- Termination of Medical Pregnancy Act, 1971
- 3- Pre-conception and Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques Act, 1994
- 4- Role of NGO.

BHARTIYA NAGARIK SURAKSHA SANHITA (BNSS)**Unit-I**

- 1- Definitions- Audio-video electronic means, Bail, Bail-Bond, Bond, Electronic Communication, Cognizable Offence, Non-Cognizable Offence, Bailable Offence, Non-Bailable Offence, Warrant Cases and Summons Cases, Compliant, charge, Police Station,
- 2- Constitution of Criminal Courts and their jurisdiction and powers
- 3- Arrest of persons and rights of arrested persons

Unit-II

- 1- Information to the police and their powers to investigate, Forensic aid in investigation
- 2- Cognizance of offences by the Magistrate and Court of Sessions
- 3- Complaints to Magistrates and commencement of proceedings before Magistrate

Unit-III

- 1- Security for Keeping the Peace and for Good Behavior Maintenance of Public Order and tranquility
- 2- Preventive actions of the Police.
- 3- The Charges
- 4- Order of Maintenance of Wives, Children and Parents (Section 144)

Unit-IV

- 1- Trials of Cases- Session Trial, Warrant Trial, Summon Trial and Summary Trial
- 2- Provisions of Bail and Bonds
- 3- Appeals, Reference and Revision.

**Practical Paper
Alternative Dispute Resolution**

This paper may have three components viz. Theory, Practical and viva.

The theory paper will of 60 marks and the practical and viva will be of 30 marks and 10 marks respectively. Three practical's of 10 marks each shall be conducted by the department. It be evaluated for 5 marks for written submissions and 5 marks for oral (advocacy)

A Theory Paper

Arbitration: aim and object, Nature and scope

Arbitration agreement

Power to refer parties to arbitration

Interim Measures

Composition of Arbitral Tribunal

Jurisdiction of Arbitral Proceedings

Conduct of Arbitral Proceeding

- Making of Arbitral Award
- Recourse against arbitral Award
- Conciliation, Nature, Scope and Settlement
- Negotiation' Lok Adalats

B- Practical Exercise

These practical shall be conducted through simulation and casestudies in the following areas
ADR

Negotiation skills to be learned with simulated programme

LAW RELATING TO CRIME AGAINST WOMEN**UNIT I**

Concepts and Definitions

- 1- Sexual offences against women
- 2- Rape
- 3- Molestation

Conciliation skills

Arbitration Law and Practice including International arbitration and arbitrate rules

V- SEMESTER

Labour Law

Unit-I

Industrial Dispute Act. 1947- Historical Development, object and reasons, Definition, Authorities under Industrial dispute Act. 1947, Reference of dispute to board and tribunals, strike and lockout, lay-off and retrenchment.

Unit-II

Workmen Compensation Act-1923, -workmen compensation laws in India, scope and application, Definition of certain important terms, employer liability for compensation, Amount of compensation distribution of compensation, employer compensation commissioners, Power of commissioner's.

Unit-III

Employees, state Insurance Act 1948- Historical background object and application, important definitions, employment injury, Benefits available under the Act, Maternity Benefits, Medical Benefits, Constitution of employers Insurance Court, Powers of employees Insurance Court, Reference to High Court, appeals.

Unit-IV

Trade Union Act 1926- History of trade Union Movement, Registration of Trade Union, rights and liabilities, of registered trade Union, funds of trade union

Minimum wages Act-1948- Aims and object of minimum wages Act

Fixing of minimum rates of wages, minimum wage, fair wage and living wage.

Land Laws

Unit-I

1- Aim and Object of the Zamindari Abolition and Land Reform Act

2- Definition

3- Kuza and L.R. Act, 1960 (Salient Features)

Unit-II

1- Acquisition of interest of Intermediteries and its

consequences.

2- Gaon Sabha and Land Management Committee, Gram Panchayat their constitution, Power and Functions.

3- Gaon Fund, Consolidated Gaon Fund, Panel Lawyers.

Unit-III

1- Classes of Land Tenure Holders and their Rights

2- Ejectment- Ejectment from land of Public Utility

3- Ejectment of Trespassers.

4- Allotment of Land and Declaratory Suit

5- Collection of Land Revenue, Recovery of Arrears, Procedure for recovery of arrears, settlement.

Unit-IV

1- Mutation Proceedings

2- Boundary Marks and Boundary Disputes

3- Procedure of Revenue Courts and Powers of Revenue Officers

4- Appeal, Reference, Revision and Review.

Insurance Law

Unit-I

1- Definition, Nature, Scope and kinds of Insurance Contract- Applicability of General Contract, Standard Contract and Insurance Law

2- General Principles of Insurance Law- Insurable Interest, Utmost good Faith, Indemnity- Proximate cause, Subrogation Contribution, Warranty.

Unit-II

1- The Risk- Meaning and Scope of Risk and kind

2- Premium- Definition- Method of Payment, Return of Premium.

3- Nomination and Assignment, Difference between Nomination and Assignment.

4- Reinsurance- Kinds and Methods of Reinsurance

5- Double Insurance

Unit-III

1- Life Insurance- Nature and Scope of Life Insurance

2- Nature and kinds of Policy Life Insurance Contract

- 3- Procedure and Condition of Insurance Contract, Effects of Non-compliance
- 4- Assignment Claims and Surrender of Policy, days of Grace, Forfeiture, Impact of Indisputability clause and Suicide, Disability Benefits.

Unit-IV

- 1- General Insurance- Definition, Nature, Scope and Basic Principles of General Insurance
- 2- State Control on Insurance Business in India- Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 1999.

Intellectual Property Rights

Unit-I

- 1- Introduction: Basic concept of IPR ;Nature, Commercial Exploitation IP; Enforcement of Right and Remedies against Infringement, International Charter of IP.
- 2- Patents : Introduction
- 3- Obtaining of Patent
- 4- Specification

Unit-II

- 1- Right and Obligation of the Patents and Transfer of Patent Rights
- 2- Infringement of Patents and Remedies
- 3- Industrial Designs
- 4- Rights conferred by designs-Infringement of copyright in design

Unit-III

- 1- Remedies against Infringement
- 2- Trade Marks
- 3- Property in Trade mark and Registration of Trade Marks
- 4- Infringement and Remedies
- 5- Copyright

Unit-IV

- 1- Introduction : Scope, nature subject matter of copyright
- 2- Authors and Ownership of Copyright
- 3- Rights conferred by copyrights
- 4- Infringement of copyright
- 5- Geographical Indications
- 6- Biological Diversity Act, 2007-Salient features

Practical Training: Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing

- (1) Theory paper (Maximum Marks-60)
- (2) Internal Assessment (Maximum Marks-30)
- (3) Viva-Voce Examination (Maximum Marks-10)

Theory Paper Part-A Pleadings-

1. General object and function of pleadings.
2. Rules of pleading.
3. Particulars of pleading.
4. Alternative and Inconsistent statement pleading.
5. Essential requisite of plaint and written statement.

Part-B Conveyancing- Drafting of the Following-Civil-

1. Plaint
2. Written statement
3. Intericutory Application
4. Original Petition
5. Affidavit
6. Execution petition
7. Memorandum of Appeal and revision
8. Petition under art 226 and 32 of the constitution.

Criminal-

1. Complaints
2. Criminal Misc. Petition
3. Bail Application
4. Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.

Part C

Drafting of the following- (a) Sale Deed (2)Mortgage Deed (3) Lease Deed (4)Gift Deed (5)Promissory Note (6) Power of Attorney (7) Will
Internal Assessment- The student shall be required to draft I exercises each from part B and part-C as and when assigned by the Head of the department of Law VIVA-VOCE Examination-To test the understanding of legal practice in relation to drafting, pleading and conveyancing.

Principles of Taxation Laws**Unit-I**

- 1- Definitions-Agricultural Income, Assessee, dividend, Income, Person, Charitable Purpose, Assessment Year, Previous year
- 2- Income which does not form part of total Income

Unit-II

- 1- Heads of Income-Salaries, Income from House Property, Profit and Gains from Business and Professions, Capital gains, Income from other sources, Income from other persons to be included in assesses total income

Unit- III

- 1- Double Taxation Relief
- 2- Income Tax Authorities - Their constitution, powers and functions
- 3- Procedure of Assessment- Regular Assessment of escaped income
- 4- Assessment of Firms, Self-Assessment and Best Judgment Assessment

Unit-IV

- 1- Deduction of Tax at source, Advance payment of tax
- 2- Appeal, Revision and Reference
- 3- Penalties and Prosecutions

Social Security & Social Welfare Legislation**Unit-I**

Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986

- 1- Object
- 2- Definition
- 3- Prohibition of employment of children in certain occupation
- 4- Regulations of conditions of work of children
- 5- Penalties

Unit-II

Contract Labour (Regulation & Abolition) Act, 1970

- 1- Object
- 2- Definition
- 3- Registration of establishment employing contract labour
- 4- Licensing of contractors
- 5- Welfare and health of contract labour
- 6- Penalties and Procedure

Unit-III

Equal Remuneration Act, 1976

- 1- Object
- 2- Definition- Appropriate Government, man and woman, remuneration, same work or work of similar nature
- 3- Payment of remuneration
- 4- Advisory Committee
- 5- Penalties
- 6- Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
- 7- Object
- 8- Definition- Employer, miscarriage, wages, establishment, woman
- 9- prohibited work during certain period to a women
- 10- Maternity benefits in various circumstances and procedure to claim such benefits
- 11- Appointment, Powers and Duties of Inspectors
- 12- Penalties

Unit-IV

Factories Act, 1948

- 1- Preliminary
- 2- The inspecting Staff
- 3- Health, Safety and Welfare provisions
- 4- Working hours
- 5- Employment of young persons
- 6- Annual leave with wages
- 7- Penalties

Interpretation of Statutes**Unit-I**

- 1- Basic Principles of Interpretation
- 2- Statutes
- 3- Parts of Statutes
- 4- Kinds of Statutes
- 5- Intention of Legislature
- 6- Meaning of Construction and Interpretation
- 7- Purpose of interpretation
- 8- Guiding rules of interpretation
- 9- Literal rule, golden rule and mischief rule (Rule in Haeydon's case)

Unit-II

- 1- Rules relating to meaning of general words
- 2- Noscitur a sociis
- 3- Ejusdem generis

- 4- Reddendo singular singularis
- 5- Internal Aids of Construction

Unit-III

- 1- Extrinsic Aids of Construction
- 2- Historical Development
- 3- Statutes in peri-materia
- 4- Effect of usage and practice
- 5- Stare-decisis
- 6- Modification of words to suit intention of legislature-Mandatory and Directory Provisions

Unit-IV

- 1- Construction of Penal and Beneficial statutes
- 2- Distinction between penal and remedial statutes
- 3- Liberal Construction of remedial statutes
- 4- Mens-rea in statutory offences
- 5- Construction of taxing statutes

Human Rights: Law and Practice

Unit-I

- 1- Concept of Human Rights
- 2- Origin and Development of Human Right
- 3- Universal Declaration of Human Rights

Unit-II

- 1- International Covenants of Human Rights, International Covenants of Civil and Political Rights, International Covenants of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.
- 2- International Covenants on Inhuman Acts-Genocide, Apartheids, Torture, Slavery, Slave Trade, Forced and Compulsory labour, Traffic in Persons and Prostitution, Women Racial Discrimination.
- 3- Vulnerable groups and Human Rights, Women, Children and Migrant workers, Refugees, Older Persons, Disabled person, Indigenous People

Unit-III

- 1- International Conferences on Human Rights
- 2- International Humanitarian Laws
- 3- Human Rights and Terrorism

Unit-IV-

- 1- Internal National Covenants and the Indian Constitution
- 2- Human Rights Commission in India : Human

Rights Act, 1993

Moot Court, Pre-Trial Preparations and Internship (Practical paper)

Part- A

Moot Court :

Every student will do at least three moot courts with 10 marks each

The moot court work will be on assigned problems and it will be evaluated for 5 marks for written submission and 5 marks for oral advocacy.

Part B

Observance of Court Proceedings : Every student will attend the court proceedings at least for 20 working days. The student shall be required to visit the court in the prescribed Uniform. They will maintain a record and inter the various steps observed during their attendance on different day in the Court assignment. This scheme will carry 30 marks.

Part-C

Pre-trial Preparations : Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the lawyer's office/Legal Aid Office and record the proceeding in a diary which will carry 15 marks. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filing the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary which will carry 15 marks.

Part D Viva-Voce Examination: This paper will on all the above three aspects. This will carry 10 marks.

SUBJECTS**LL.M. SUBJECTS****Group A - Constitutional and Administrative Law****LL.M - I Semester**

1. Judicial Process
2. Indian Constitutional Law : The New Challenges
3. Constitutional Principles and Structure
4. General Principles of Administrative Law
5. Value Education and Human Rights

LL.M - II Semester

1. Law and Social Transformation in India
2. Research Methodology I
3. Judicial Review of Administrative Action
4. Legislative and Quasi Judicial Powers of Administration
5. Applied Legal Studies

LL.M - III Semester

1. Legal Theory
2. Research Methodology II (PRACTICAL)
3. Electoral Process and Law
4. Role of Judiciary, NGO's In Environmental Protection

LL.M - IV Semester

1. Dissertation

Group B - Corporate Law**LL.M - I Semester**

1. Judicial Process
2. Indian Constitutional Law : The New Challenges
3. Principles of Corporate Law
4. Banking Law
5. Value Education and Human Rights

LL.M - II Semester

1. Law and Social Transformation in India
2. Research Methodology I
3. Consumer Law
4. Competition Law
5. Applied Legal Studies

LL.M - III Semester

1. Legal Theory
2. Research Methodology II (PRACTICAL)
3. Insurance Law
4. Corporate Governance

LL.M - IV Semester

1. Dissertation

LL.M. SYLLABUS

SEMESTER -I

COURSE TITLE: JUDICIAL PROCESS

UNIT I:

Nature of Judicial process and its role in constitutional adjudication

Judicial process as an instrument of social ordering
 Judicial process and creativity in law—common law model—legal reasoning and the growth of law—change and stability
 The tools and techniques of judicial review and judicial creativity Analysis of the doctrine of Stare Decisis in India

UNIT II:

Special Dimensions of Judicial Process in Constitutional adjudication

Notions of Judicial Review
 Is Judicial Review the same as Judicial Activism?
 Judicial Activism and Judicial Self Restraint
 Problem of Accountability in judicial law-making

UNIT III:

Judicial Process in India

The Indian Debate on the role of the Judges and on the notion of Judicial review The "Independence" of Judiciary and 'Political' nature of Judicial Process
 Judicial Activism and Creativity of the Indian Supreme Court; the new dimensions Institutional liability of Courts and Judicial activism—Scope and Limits

UNIT IV:

Judicial Process and Constitutional Amendments

Evolution of the Concept of Basic Structure
 Philosophy of the doctrine of Basic Structure
 The Recent Developments: The "essence of rights" test and "rights test" to determine Basic Structure
 Basic Structure and Constitutionalism

COURSE TITLE: INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL LAW: THE NEW CHALLENGES

UNIT I:

Federalism

Creation of new states
 The inter-state disputes on resources
 Center's responsibility and internal disturbance within States
 Federal comity: Relationship of trust and faith between Centre and State
 Special status of certain States, Areas, Scheduled Areas

UNIT II:

State: Right to equality

Definition of state, Need for Widening the definition in the wake of Liberalization, privatization and its impact on affirmative Action
 Relating to quality.

UNIT III:

Emerging regime of new rights and remedies
 Reading Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties into Fundamental Rights, Compensation jurisprudence, Right to education, Commercialization of Education and its impact, Brain drain by foreign education market, Right of minorities to establish and administer educational institutions and state control.

UNIT IV:

Separation of Powers: stresses and strain

Judicial activism and judicial restraint, PIL, Judicial Independence, Appointment, transfer and removal of judges, accountability: executive and judiciary, Tribunals.

LL.M. SYLLABUS

SEMESTER -I

COURSE TITLE: CONSTITUTIONAL PRINCIPLES AND STRUCTURE**UNIT I:****Concept of Sovereignty**

Sovereignty by Austin-Laski's
Pluralism-criticisms

Parliamentary Sovereignty in Britain

Sovereignty in India

Impact of Globalization on Sovereignty

UNIT II:**Constitution-Meaning & Necessity**

Requirements of an Ideal Constitution

Framing of Indian Constitution

Features of Indian Constitution

Fundamentals of Constitution-Constraints

UNIT III:**Constitution-Form & Type of Government**

Federalism-Features of Indian Federalism

Globalization and Indian Federalism

Constitution and response to social change

UNIT IV:**Constitutionalism**

Meaning, Significance and Ingredients

Rule of Law and its Challenges

Separation of Powers

Due Process of Law

Doctrine of Eminent Domain

Taxing power-Judicial Review

COURSE TITLE: GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**UNIT I:****Scope and Development of Administrative Law**

Administrative Law-Definition, Nature, Scope and
Functions Growth of Administrative Law in India

Basic Constitutional Principles: Indian
Perspectives Rule of Law

Separation of Powers Natural Justice

UNIT II:**Administrative Functions and Discretion**

Classification of Administrative Functions
Administrative Discretion

Principles of Natural Justice Rule against Bias

Fair Hearing

UNIT III:**Growth and Development of Delegated Legislation**

Delegated Legislation

Importance, Need and Constitutionality of
Delegated Legislation Conditional Legislation

Controls on Delegated Legislation Parliamentary
Control

J udicial Control

UNIT IV :**Transparency and Accountability**

Lok Pal and Lok Ayukt Right to Information
Vigilance Commission

Comptroller and Auditor -General of India
Commissions of Inquiry

LL.M. SYLLABUS

SEMESTER -I

COURSE TITLE: PRINCIPLES OF CORPORATE LAW**UNIT I:****Introduction**

Origin and Development of Corporate Law
Essential ingredients in establishment of Corporation

Shares and share capital

Concept of shares, share capital Kinds of shares
Debentures,
Issue, Allotment, transfer and forfeiture of shares

UNIT II:**Legal Aspects governing corporate management**

Meetings, Majority Rule and minority protection
Prevention of oppression, mismanagement
Role of Central Government, Company Registrar,
Company Law Board/ Tribunal

UNIT III:**Amalgamation, Reconstruction, Mergers, take-over of Companies**

Meaning of the terms
Statutory provisions Powers of court/ tribunal
Reconstruction/ amalgamation by sale of shares/sale of undertakings Procedures of Winding up a Company

UNIT IV:**Corporate Governance**

Concept,
Significance,
Dimensions,
Legal framework
Impact of globalization

Corporate Social Responsibility

Evolution of the concept,
Dimensions of CSR

COURSE TITLE: BANKING LAW**UNIT I:****Introduction**

Nature and development of banking
History of banking in India and elsewhere
–indigenous banking–evolution of banking in India
–different kinds of banks and their functions
Multi-functional banks –growth and legal issues

Law Relating to Banking Companies in India

Controls by government and its agencies: On management, on accounts and audit, Lending, Credit policy, Reconstruction and reorganization, Suspension and winding up.

Contract between banker and customer: their rights and duties.

UNIT II:**Social Control over Banking**

Nationalization
Evaluation: private ownership, nationalization and disinvestment
Protection of depositors
Priority lending
Promotion of underprivileged classes
Deposit Insurance
The Deposit Insurance Corporation Act 1961: objects and reasons
Establishment of Capital of DIC
Registration of banking companies insured banks, liability of DIC to depositors
Relations between insured banks, DIC and Reserve Bank of India

UNIT III:**The Central Bank**

Evolution of Central Bank
Characteristics and functions
Economic and social objectives
The Central Bank and the State –as bankers’ bank

LL.M. SYLLABUS

SEMESTER -I

COURSE TITLE: BANKING LAW

The Central Bank and the State –as bankers” bank
 The Reserve Bank of India: Organizational Structure, Function
 Relationship of Banker and Customer
 Legal character
 Contract between banker and customer
 Bankers' lien
 Protection of bankers
 Customers

UNIT IV:**Negotiable Instruments**

Meaning and kinds
 Transfer and negotiations
 Holder and holder in due course
 Presentment and payment
 Liabilities of parties

Lending by Banks

Good lending principles - Lending to poor masses
 Securities for advances - Kinds and their merits and demerits
 Repayment of loans: rate of interest, protection against penalty
 Default and recovery - Debt recovery tribunal

Reforms in Indian Banking Law

Recommendations of committees a review

COURSE TITLE: VALUE EDUCATION AND HUMAN RIGHTS**UNIT I:****Concept and nature of Value Education**

Need and importance of Value Education in contemporary social context
 Concept of human value with special reference to Indian tradition and culture
 Different types and components of value education

UNIT II:**Moral education vis-à-vis religious education**

Moral judgment and moral action
 Concept of moral development of child
 Approaches of moral development: Social theory approach and cognitive development approach.

UNIT III:**Human Rights – Universal Declaration of Human Rights**

Human Rights violations – National Integration – Peace and non-violence Dr. A P J Kalam's ten points for enlightened citizenship
 Social Values and Welfare of the citizen The role of media in value building

UNIT IV:**Environment and Ecological balance**

Constitutional or national values - Democracy, socialism, secularism, equality, justice, liberty, freedom and fraternity and different social values
 Legislations and CSR

LL.M. SYLLABUS

SEMESTER -II

COURSE TITLE: LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA**UNIT I:****Law and Social Change**

Law as an instrument of social change, Law as the product of traditions and Culture, Criticism and evaluation in the light of colonization and the introduction of common law system and institutions in India and its impact on further development of law and legal institutions in India.

UNIT II:**Community, Religion and the law**

Caste as a divisive factor, Non-discrimination on the ground of caste, Acceptance of Caste as a factor to undo past injustices, Protective discrimination: Scheduled castes, tribes and backward classes, Reservation; statutory Commission, Statutory provisions, Freedom of religion and non-discrimination on the basis of religion, Religious minorities and the law

UNIT III:**Women, Children and the law**

Crimes against women, Gender injustice and its various forms Women's commission, Empowerment of women: Constitutional and other legal provisions, child labor, Adoption and related problems, Children and education.

UNIT IV:**Modernization and the law**

Modernization as a value: Constitutional perspectives reflected in the fundamental duties, Democratic decentralization and local self government, Modernization of social institutions through law

Alternative approaches to law

The jurisprudence of Sarvodaya – Gandhiji, Vinoba Bhave ; Jayaprakash Narayan, Grama nyayalayas

COURSE TITLE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY I**UNIT I:****Introduction**

Significance of Research
Meaning and concept of research
Scientific Methods & Legal Research
The science of research and scientific methodology (Theory, facts, definition and concepts, variables etc. i.e. characteristics of scientific methodology)
Socio-legal research and legal research models
Doctrinal and non-doctrinal research
What is research problem?
Formulation of research problem

UNIT II :**Research Design and its components**

Hypothesis: Its role, definition, criteria of a workable hypothesis and its sources
Major steps of preparation of research design
Research tools
Observation, Interview, Questionnaire
(Utility and limitations and methods of using these tools)

UNIT III :**Research Techniques**

Use of case studies and surveys
Sampling techniques: i. Design of sample
Scaling Techniques: Types, utility, modus operandi
-Elementary Statistics, design & stages in statistical investigation and interpretation and Preparing Diagrams & graphs
Content analysis

UNIT IV :**Data Processing**

Data Collection, Data processing and analysis and interpretation of data
Socio-metrics and Jurimetrics
Inductions and deductions

Computerized research

A study of legal research programmes such as Lexis and west law coding Online & offline sources and techniques of e-legal research

LL.M. SYLLABUS

SEMESTER -II

COURSE TITLE: JUDICIAL REVIEW OF ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION**UNIT I:****General principles of judicial review**

Courts as the final authority to determine the legality of administrative action - problems and perspectives.

UNIT II:**Grounds of judicial review**

Scope of Judicial Review

Jurisdictional Error - error of law- violation of the principles of natural justice - violation of public policy.

UNIT III:**Methods of judicial review**

Public and Private Law Remedies

Exhaustion of Alternative Remedies - Res judicata.

UNIT IV:**Concept of Locus Standi , Public Interest Litigation and Judicial Activism**

Latest trends in PIL litigation

Merit and demerits of PIL.

Judicial Review by the Supreme Court and High Courts under Articles 226, 227, 32 and 136.

COURSE TITLE: APPLIED LEGAL STUDIES**Unit-I International Law**

Nature of International Law and its sources

Concept of sovereignty and its relevance today

Recognition of State and Governments

Extradition, Asylum, Nationality and Status of Refugees

International Court of Justice, UNO and its organs

Global Trade Regime under International Law

Unit-II Family Law

Concepts in Family Law

Sources of Family Law in India

Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage

Matrimonial Remedies Guardianship

Adoption, Maintenance and CARA Guidelines, UCC

Unit-III Law of Torts

Foundation of Tortious Liability

General Defenses to an action of Tort

Liabilities in Tort

Remoteness of Damages

Contributory Negligence

Defamation

Unit-IV Law of Contracts

Essentials of a valid contract

Offer, acceptance and consideration

Capacity to Contract: Minor's contract

Elements vitiating contract

Remedies for breach of contract: Damages

COURSE TITLE: LEGISLATIVE & QUASI - JUDICIAL POWERS OF ADMINISTRATION**UNIT I:****Delegated Legislation - general principles**

Reasons for growth of Delegated Legislation

USA and India - different forms of delegation

Control and Safeguards of Delegated Legislation

UNIT II:**Quasi-Judicial functions of administration**

Distinguish between judicial and quasi-judicial functions Reasons for the growth of administrative adjudication

UNIT III:**Modes of administrative adjudication**

Administrative Tribunals - Functioning of the Administrative Tribunals Distinguish between Administrative Tribunals and Courts

Article 277 - Power of High Courts to supervise Tribunals Special Leave to appeal- Article 136

UNIT IV:**Principles of Natural Justice - Rule against Bias**

Ingredients of fair hearing

Rules of procedure and evidence

Expanding horizons of natural justice

Fairness in Administrative Action Reasoned Decisions

Legitimate Expectations

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SEMESTER -II

COURSE TITLE : CONSUMER LAW

UNIT I:

Introduction

Historical perspective of consumer protection in India United Nations & consumer Protection

Laws dealing with consumer complaints Caveat Emptor

UNIT II:

Consumer Protection Act

Aims & Objects of the Act Consumers

Consumer Dispute

Defect in Goods and Services Unfair Trade Practices

UNIT III:

Deficiency in Services

Meaning & Instances Negligence

Deficiency in service in various professions: Insurance services, Banking and Financial services, Housing etc.

UNIT IV:

Procedural Provisions

District Forum National Commission State Commission

Consumer Protection Act & conflict with other enactments Consumer

Protection Councils

COURSE TITLE: COMPETITION LAW

UNIT I:

MRTP Act metamorphosis into the Competition Act

Introduction to Competition and concept of Perfect competition

Theories on IP and Competition and the Concept of Open-Market System Competition Policy & Regulation of Competition

MRTP Act: Formation & Features

Anti-Competitive Practices and its Regulation under MRTP Act

UNIT II:

Competition Act, 2002

Drawbacks under the MRTP Regime and Need for Competition Act Regulatory Authorities under the Competition Act

Competition Law & Policy: Conceptual Study of Relevant Supreme Court Decisions Regulation of Unfair Competition

Competition Policy and Consumer Protection

UNIT III:

Competition Policy and IPR

Intellectual Property Rights: Introduction to various IP Assets Patent Policy and its Regulation under the Indian Laws.

Abuse of IPR and Regulation of Combinations Conflict of Competition Policy and Patent Policy

TRIPS and its impact on Competition and Patent-Monopoly

UNIT IV:

WTO and its impact on Competition Laws with reference to UNCTAD

International Dimensions of Competition Law Globalization and competition law Competition rules of WTO

International enforcement and Judicial Assistance Emerging principles of international competition law

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SEMESTER -III

COURSE TITLE : LEGAL THEORY

Unit-I

Meaning and Nature of Jurisprudence

Meaning, Definition and Nature of Jurisprudence

Sources of Law

Judicial Process: Application of Doctrine of Precedent

Natural Law Theories

Unit-II

Social Contract Theory

Theories of Social Contract

Analytical Positivism including Hart Fuller Debate

Pure Theory of Law

Law and Morality

Unit-III

Schools of Thought

Sociological School of Law

Realist School of Jurisprudence

Historical and Anthropological Jurisprudence

Theories of Punishment

Judicial Contribution in bringing Social Changes and Legal Pluralism

Unit-IV

Legal Concepts**Rights and Duty**

Meaning and Definition of Right,

Relationship between Rights and Duties,

Kinds of Rights

Concept of Possession:

Why Law protects possession,

Meaning and Definition of Possession,

Kinds of possession

Ownership: Meaning and Definition of

Ownership, Kinds of Ownership,

Modes of Acquisition of Ownership

Person: Meaning and Definitions of Person,

Theories of Personality,

Kinds of Person Status of unborn person, dead man, idol, mosque and so on

COURSE TITLE: ELECTORAL PROCESS AND LAW

UNIT I:

Role of Elections in democratic process

Different systems of representation of people

Electoral system under the Constitution

UNIT II:

Powers and functions of Election Commission

Role of political parties in Indian electoral system

Anti-Defection law

UNIT III:

Measures to reduce the influence of money power

Reservation of seats to minorities, backward classes and women

UNIT IV:

Prevention of the communalization and criminalization

Role of law in preventing bribery and undue influence Prevention of misuse of Governmental powers

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SEMESTER -III

COURSE TITLE : LEGAL THEORY

Unit-I

Meaning and Nature of Jurisprudence

Meaning, Definition and Nature of Jurisprudence

Sources of Law

Judicial Process: Application of Doctrine of Precedent

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Historical and Anthropological Jurisprudence

Theories of Punishment

Judicial Contribution in bringing Social Changes and Legal Pluralism

Unit-IV

Legal Concepts**Rights and Duty**

Meaning and Definition of Right,

Relationship between Rights and Duties,

Kinds of Rights

Concept of Possession:

Why Law protects possession,

Meaning and Definition of Possession,

Kinds of possession

Ownership: Meaning and Definition of Ownership, Kinds of Ownership, Modes of Acquisition of Ownership**Person:** Meaning and Definitions of Person, Theories of Personality,

Kinds of Person Status of unborn person, dead man, idol, mosque and so on

COURSE TITLE: ELECTORAL PROCESS AND LAW

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Role of law in preventing bribery and undue influence Prevention of misuse of Governmental powers

COURSE TITLE: ROLE OF JUDICIARY, NGO'S IN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Unit-I

Theories of Environmental Protection

Bentham's Doctrine of Utility and Environment Protection

Roscoe Pound's theory of Social Engineering and Environmental Protection

The Contemporary Environmental Issues

Unit-II

Social Engineering and Sustainable Development

Indian Judiciary on Environment Protection

Public Interest Litigation and Environment Protection

Unit-III

Judicial Response and Environment

Expanding Horizons of Article 21

Right to Clean and Healthy Environment- A Basic Human Right

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SEMESTER -III

Right to Clean and Healthy Environment
 Right to Pure Drinking Water
 Right to Protection against Noise Pollution
 Right to Life Vis a Vis Right to Livelihood
 Right to Life Vis a Vis Right to Freedom of Trade,
 Business and Profession

Unit-IV**Role of Judiciary in Enforcement of International Environmental Laws**

Doctrine of Inter-Generational Equity
 Polluter Pay Principle
 Doctrine of Absolute Liability
 Precautionary Principle
 Environmental Rights- Third Generation Rights
 Role of NGOs in Environment Protection
 Joint Forest Management

COURSE TITLE: INSURANCE LAW**UNIT I:****Introduction**

Origin and Development of the Concept of Insurance
 Theoretical Perspectives of Insurance
 Types of Insurance—Parties to Insurance Rights and liabilities of Insurer and Insured
 Insurance policy-law of contract and law of torts
 Need and importance of insurance

UNIT II:**General Principles of Law of Insurance**

Contract of insurance-definition, nature of contract
 The Insurable interest
 Premium
 The risk-commencement, attachment, duration
 Assignment and alteration
 Warranties and disclosures Insurance intermediaries

UNIT III:**Life Insurance**

Nature and scope
 Event insured against in Life Insurance
 Circumstances affecting the risk Amount recoverable under life policy Persons entitled to payment
 Settlement of claim and payment of money

UNIT IV :**Insurance against Third Party Risk**

Motor Vehicle Act 1988 Nature and scope
 Effect of insolvency or death on claims
 Claims Tribunal-constitution, functions, application for compensation, procedure, powers and award

COURSE TITLE: CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**UNIT I:****Introduction to Corporate Governance**

Corporate governance -meaning and structure
 Corporate governance v Public Governance
 History of corporate governance
 Concept of corporate governance and stakeholders
 Principles of corporate Governance –OECD principles

UNIT II:**Corporate Governance mechanism**

Issues related to corporate governance Decision system
 Corporate capital and property rights Ownership, Capital, and Creditor structure Performance and remuneration system

UNIT III : Board of Directors

Directors under Companies Act SEBI regulation
 Corporate Fraud and crimes Succession and Risk management Whistle blower
 Clause 49 of Listing Agreement International Corporate Governance

UNIT IV :**Corporate Social Responsibility**

CSR and investment climate Corruption
 Code of Ethics Human Rights Wages Environment

VASUDEV COLLEGE OF LAW

Lamachaur, Haldwani, Distt. Nainital (Uttarakhand)



Affiliated to Kumaun University, Nainital
Approved by Bar Council of India, New Delhi

Application Form For Admission 2025
(To be filled in Black Ball Point ONLY)

Form No.

1. Name of the Course
2. Name : Mr./Miss/Mrs
(In Capital Letters)
आवेदक का नाम
3. Father's/Guardian's Name
पिता/अभिभावक का नाम
4. Mother's Name
माता का नाम
5. Father's/Guardians Occupation Annual Income
6. Date of Birth M/F/Transgender Blood Group
7. Nationality Whether NRI/NRI Sponsored : Yes/No
8. Aadhar No PAN No
9. Mailing Address
.....
..... Mobile No
10. E-mail:
11. Permanent Address
..... Parent's Mobile No
12. Category Gen OBC SC OST EWS

13. Academic Qualification -

Exam Passed	Board/ University	Subject	Year of Passing	Roll No.	% Marks

14. Special Achievements (if any)

(i)

(ii)

15. Name of earning Parent for the purpose of Insurance

Declaration by Applicant

I hereby, declare that, the entries made by me in this form are correct, Complete and true to the best of my knowledge and based on records. I hold myself responsible for the dues and prompt payment of fees. I have noted that the fees paid are not refundable, in any circumstances.

Place :

Date :

Sign. of Student

Sign. of Parents/Guardian

Following attested copies are enclosed (Tick appropriate ones)

Sr. No.	Document	Photostat /Original
01	Secondary (10 th) Mark Sheet	Photostat
02	Secondary (10 th) Certificate	Photostat
03	Intermediate (12 th) Mark sheet	Photostat
04	Intermediate (12 th) Certificate	Photostat
05	Graduation Mark Sheet	Photostat
06	Graduation Degree	Photostat
07	Post Graduation Mark Sheet (if Admission on basis of PG Degree)	Photostat
08	Post Graduation Degree (if Admission on basis of PG Degree)	Photostat
09	Passport Size Photographs (extra 5)	Photostat
10	Original SC/ST/OBC Certificate	Photostat
11	EWS Certificate	Photostat
12	Transfer Certificate/Migration Certificate	Original
13	Character Certificate	Original
14	Address Proof (Adhaar Card)	Photostat
15	Anti Ragging affidavit form Student on Rs. 10/- Stamp paper	Original
16	College Affidavit form Student on Rs. 10/- Stamp paper	Original
17	Identity Card Form	Photostat
18	Income Certificate (For Scholarship)	Photo state

UNDERTAKING

I..... S/o,D/o
R/o seeking
admission in course batch do hereby undertake
to abide by the following rules and regulations adopted at Vasudev College of Pharmacy Lamachaur, Haldwani.

In witness of my Father/ Mother/Parents

Points of undertaking

- I will always maintain utmost discipline in the college/classrooms/ workshop and library.
- I will not operate/use any equipment/machine without permission of the Proctor /College Management.
- I will never handle any equipment/machine without knowing its exact operations and/or damage due to my negligence, carelessness and/or lack of working knowledge.
- I will always take prescribed safety measures to safeguard my self and properties of Vasudev College of Law Haldwani.
- I will follow the instructions of the college authorities to maintain the safety and security. I will not mishandle or temper any machine/ equipment/Property.
- I will enter or leave the classrooms/labs/workshop etc. in the prescribed timings .
- I will not misuse or otherwise damage any material issued to me or to my group .
- I am aware that the fees once paid in all the courses is neither refundable nor adjustable under any circumstances whatsoever.
- If I am suspended/expelled from the Institute due to indiscipline committed by me, I will not make any claim for refund of any payments made by me.
- I will come in prescribed uniform, failing which I will not be allowed to attend the classes .
- I will actively participate in the extra/ co-curricular activities organized by the Institute .
- I will strictly follow the rule and regulations of the library and labs .
- I will attend the minimum number of classes in each semester without relaxation on any ground. If I fail to fulfill required 75% attendance as per norms of the entire tenure of the course/Semester, I shall be debarred from the semester/course examination.
- Any new guidelines related to change in fees etc. imposed by the State Government or by the University will be accepted by me and in no case I shall deny the same for making any payment to Vasudev College of Law Haldwani or otherwise.
- If I have been given a Provisional Admission and under any circumstances my admission is cancelled, I will have no problem in withdrawing my self from the Institute.
- I understand that if any of the certificates produced by me at the time of admission are fake/ forged or does not meet the eligibility criteria of the Institute and University, then my admission will be treated as cancelled and the Institute will have all the rights to take legal action against me .
- If I am found not obeying any rules mentioned above I will be liable to be punished in the form of fine / compensation for damage / cancellation of admission from Vasudev College of Law, Haldwani.

Place :

Date :

Sign. of Student

Sign. of Parents/Guardian

Name :

Name :

Affidavit

(by student and parent)

माता/पिता/अभिभावक का शपथ प्रमाणपत्र

अभ्यर्थी का शपथ प्रमाणपत्र

1. मैं
पिता/माता/अभिभावक ने
रैगिंग निषेध के विधि तथा उच्चतम न्यायालय के निर्देश को केन्द्रीय/राज्य
सरकारों के इससे सम्बन्धित निर्देशों तथा विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग के
उच्च शिक्षण संस्थानों में रैगिंग रोकने से सम्बन्धित विनियम-2009 को
ध्यान से पढ़ लिया है तथा पूर्णतया समझ लिया है।
2. मैंने खासतौर से विनियम 3 को पढ़ लिया है समझ लिया है और मैं यह
जानता/जानती हूँ कि रैगिंग के क्या मायने हैं।
3. मैंने धारा 7 तथा धारा 9.1 विनियम को समझ लिया है अगर मेरे पाल्य
द्वारा किसी तरह की रैगिंग के लिए किसी को उकसाया जाता है या किसी
तरह की रैगिंग में भाग लिया जाता है तो प्रशासन मेरे पाल्य के खिलाफ
दण्डात्मक कार्यवाही कर सकता है।
4. मैं निश्चय पूर्वक यह प्रयत्न करूँगा कि मेरे पाल्य द्वारा किसी भी रैगिंग
जो कि धारा 3 विनियम में उल्लेखित है उसमें भाग नहीं लिया जायेगा।
5. मेरे पाल्य द्वारा किसी भी प्रकार की रैगिंग में भाग नहीं लिया जायेगा तथा
किसी भी प्रकार से रैगिंग का प्रचार/प्रसार नहीं किया जायेगा।
6. मैं यह घोषित करता/करती हूँ कि अगर मेरे पाल्य को रैगिंग के मामले में
अपराधी पाया गया/गयी तो मेरे पाल्य को विनियम 9.1 के अनुसार दण्ड
दिया जा सकता है इसके अतिरिक्त कानूनी प्रावधान के अन्तर्गत अपराधिक
गतिविधियों में उसके विरुद्ध दण्डात्मक कार्यवाही की जा सकती है।
7. मैं यह घोषित करता/करती हूँ मेरे पाल्य के विरुद्ध देश की किसी भी संस्था
द्वारा रैगिंग मामले में प्रतिबंध नहीं लगाया गया है और ऐसा पाया जाता है तो
मेरे पाल्य का प्रवेश निरस्त किया जा सकता है।

हस्ताक्षर

शपथ प्रमाण पत्र

मैं शपथकर्ता उपरोक्त शपथ पूर्वक
बयान करता/करती हूँ कि उपरोक्त शपथ पत्र के क्रम संख्या 1 से लगायत 7
तक मेरे द्वारा जो विवरण/जानकारी शपथपत्र में दी गई है वह सत्य है।
शपथपत्र में किसी भी तरह के तथ्य को न छुपाया है न ही गलत बयान दिया
है।

दिनांक :

हस्ताक्षर

नाम :

पता :

1. मैं श्री/श्रीमती/सुश्री
पुत्र/पुत्री.....द्वारा रैगिंग निषेध के
विधि/उच्चतम न्यायालय तथा केन्द्रीय/राज्य सरकारों के इससे सम्बन्धित
निर्देशों को ध्यान से पढ़ लिया है तथा पूर्णतया समझ लिया है। मैंने
विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग उच्च शिक्षण संस्थानों में रोकने से सम्बन्धित
विनियम 2009 की एक प्रतिलिपिक प्राप्त कर ली है तथा उसे ध्यान से पढ़
लिया है।
2. मैंने मुख्यरूप से विनियम 3 को पढ़ लिया है समझ लिया है। और मैं यह
जानता/जानती हूँ कि रैगिंग के क्या माने हैं।
3. मैंने धारा 7 तथा 9.1 विनियम को समझ लिया है अगर मैं किसी तरह की
रैगिंग के लिए किसी को उकसाता हूँ या किसी तरह की रैगिंग में भाग लेता हूँ
तो प्रशासन मेरे खिलाफ दण्डात्मक कार्यवाही कर सकता है।
4. मैं निश्चय पूर्वक यह प्रयत्न करूँगा/करूँगी कि मैं किसी की रैगिंग जो
की धारा 3 विनियम में उल्लेखित है उसमें भाग नहीं लूँगा/लूँगी।
5. मैं किसी भी प्रकार की रैगिंग में भाग नहीं लूँगा/लूँगी अथवा किसी भी
प्रकार से रैगिंग का प्रचार/प्रसार नहीं करूँगा/करूँगी।
6. मैं यह घोषित करता/करती हूँ कि अगर मैं रैगिंग के मामले में अपराधी
पाया गया/गयी तो मुझे विनियम 9.1 के अनुसार दण्ड दिया जा सकता है।
इसके अतिरिक्त कानूनी प्रावधान के अन्तर्गत अपराधिक गतिविधियों में मेरे
विरुद्ध दण्डात्मक कार्यवाही की जा सकती है।
7. मैं यह घोषित करता/करती हूँ कि मेरे विरुद्ध देश की किसी भी संस्था द्वारा
रैगिंग मामले में प्रतिबंध नहीं लगाया गया है और ऐसा पाया जाता है तो मेरा
प्रवेश निरस्त किया जा सकता है।

हस्ताक्षर

शपथ प्रमाण पत्र

मैं शपथ पूर्वक बयान करता/करती
हूँ कि क्रम संख्या 1 से लगायत 7 तक मेरे द्वारा जो विवरण/जानकारी
शपथपत्र में दी गई है वह सत्य है। शपथपत्र में किसी भी तरह के तथ्य को न
छुपाया है न ही गलत बयान दिया है।

दिनांक :

हस्ताक्षर

नाम :

पता :

Note : This form Should be submitted neatly typed on 10 Rs. Stamp Paper and attested by a notary.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION AND RULES

1. All admissions are provisional.
2. A candidate shall not be entitled to claim admission as a matter of right even if he/she is otherwise eligible. The college reserves the right to refuse admission to any individual without assigning any reason.
3. The candidate is required to produce original certificates, documents, character certificate and mark sheets as proof of requisite percentage of marks for the qualifying examination at the time of interview/reporting for admission. Failing which he/she will not be allowed to complete admission formalities.
4. No candidate shall be admitted unless he/she fulfill to all eligibility requirements at the time of admission. Candidates awaiting results of their supplementary/compartments/improvements of eligibility examination shall not be considered/admitted.
5. Fees once deposited by a student shall neither be returned nor adjusted under any circumstances.
6. Candidates not reporting for admission on the stipulated date and time shall lose their chance and the offer of admission shall be given to the candidate next in order of merit. No correspondence/communication in this regard shall be made.
7. The college shall not be responsible in any manner for the postal delays/courier delays.
8. If after enrolment in the college, a student does not attend classes for more than seven days without any leave sanctioned on his/her name, he/she shall be removed from the college rolls.
9. Consuming liquor, smoking, chewing/consuming tobacco, pan masala, guthka or taking any prohibited drugs etc. are completely banned in the college campus.
10. Students have to abide by the rules and regulation enforced from time to time by the college/ University/ Bar council of India.
11. The management reserves the right to make additions or alterations to the existing rules, working hours, time table and mode of training, as may be deemed fit from time to time. The students shall be required to abide by the rules that are in force or may be enforced in future from time to time.
12. It shall be the responsibility of all students to read and abide by all notices displayed on the notice board for their information and compliance. Failure to read the notices displayed on the notice board will not be accepted as an excuse for non-compliance of instructions.
13. No refund of fee if notice of withdraw of admission received in college after 30 days of notified last date of admission.



**Vasudev College of Law
Identity Card**

Session :.....
 Course :.....
 Name :.....
 Father's Name :.....
 Mother's Name :.....
 D.O.B :.....
 Contact No. :.....
 Address :.....



2

0

2

5

January						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

February						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	

March						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1
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16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

April						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
		1	2	3	4	5
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13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			

May						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
				1	2	
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

June						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
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22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

July						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
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20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

August						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
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17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

September						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				

October						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

November						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30						

December						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			